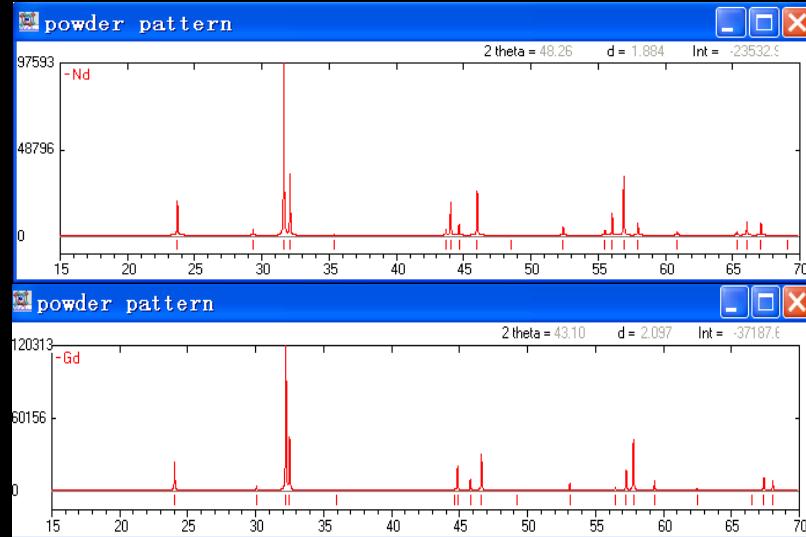
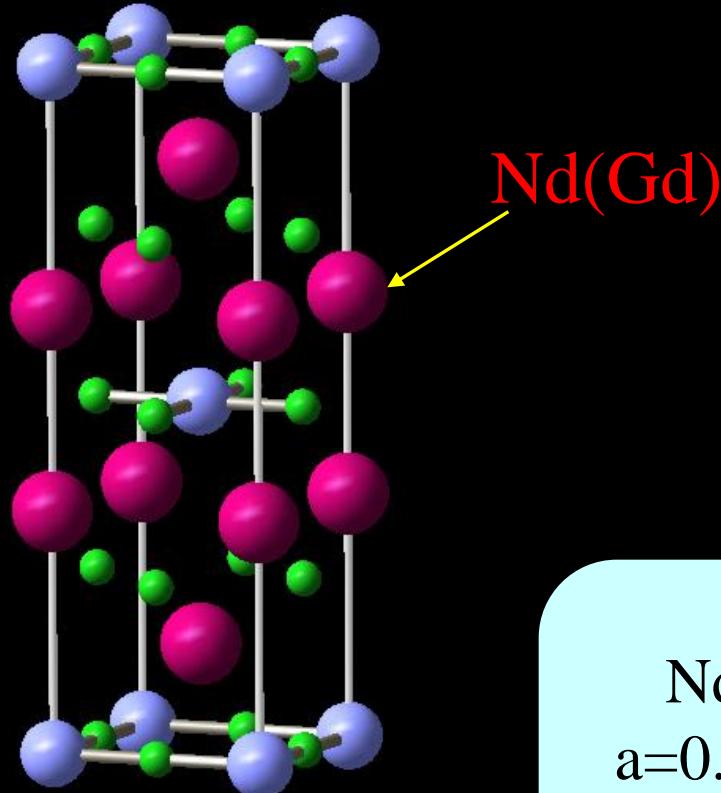


# Rietveld 方法原理

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2006.10 杭州

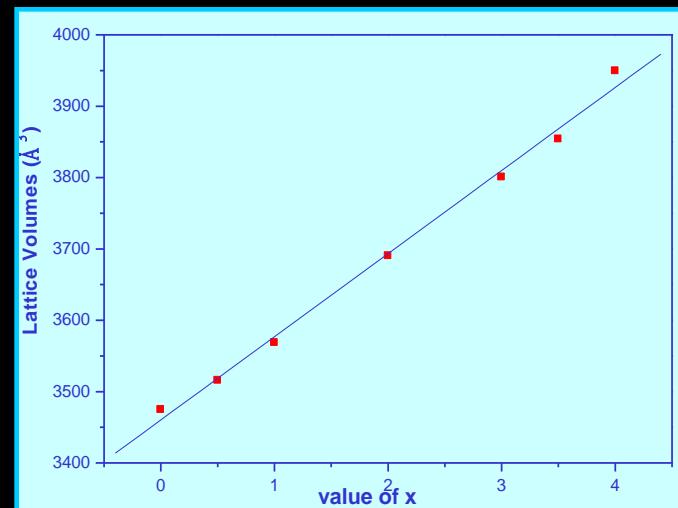
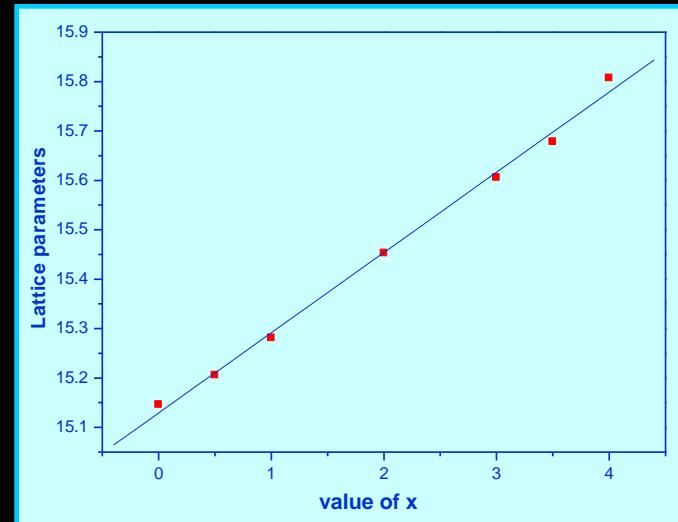
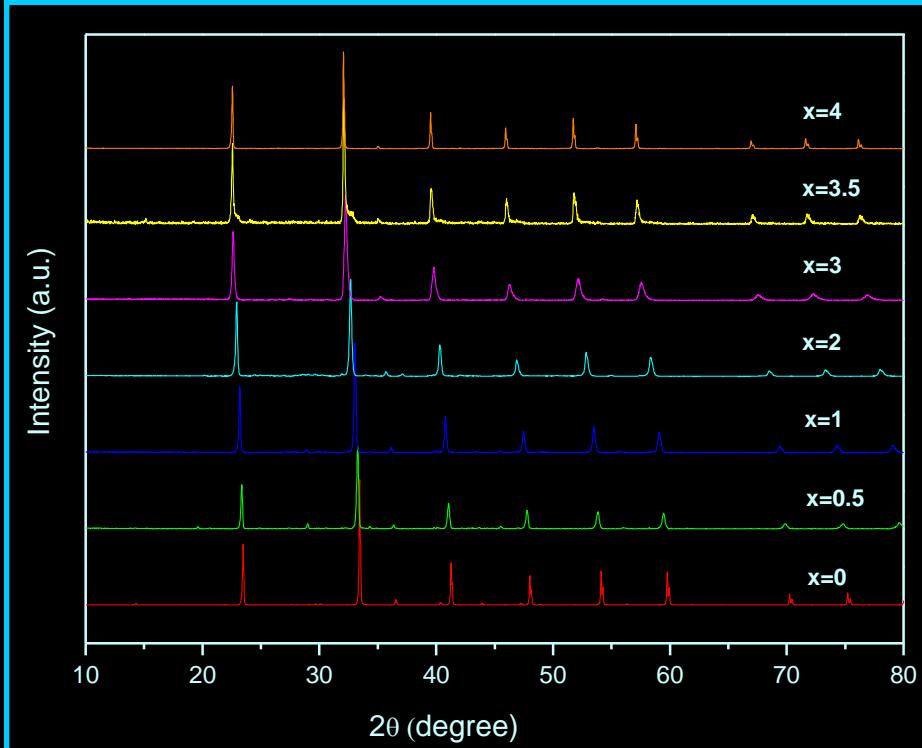
# Isostructural Compounds



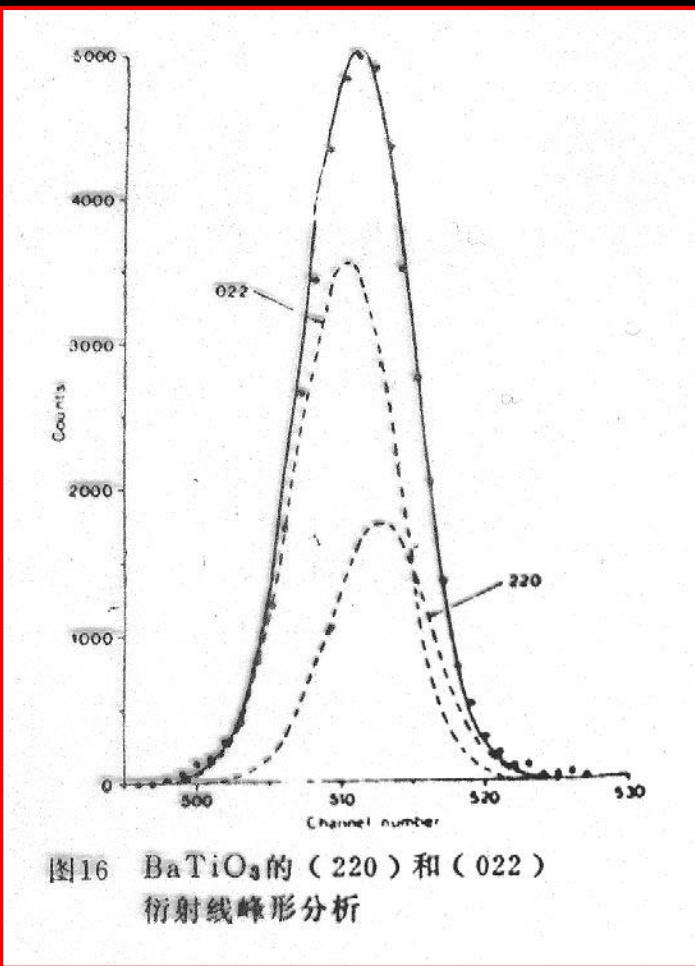
$\text{Nd}_2\text{CuO}_4$   
 $a=0.39419\text{nm}$   
 $c=1.21627\text{nm}$   
 $Z_{\text{Nd}}=0.353$

$\text{Gd}_2\text{CuO}_4$   
 $a=3.8938\text{nm}$   
 $c=11.8810\text{nm}$   
 $Z_{\text{Gd}}=0.349$

# XRD patterns of Solid solution $\text{NaSr}_{4-x}\text{Ba}_x\text{B}_3\text{O}_9$ ( $0 \leq x \leq 4$ ) : First cubic borate only with $\text{BO}_3$

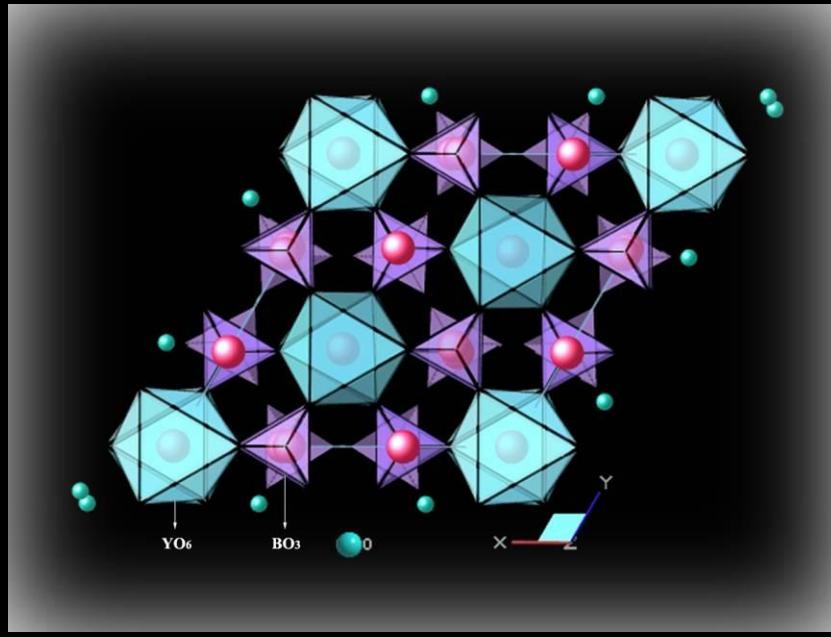


Cubic borates are estimated below 1%.

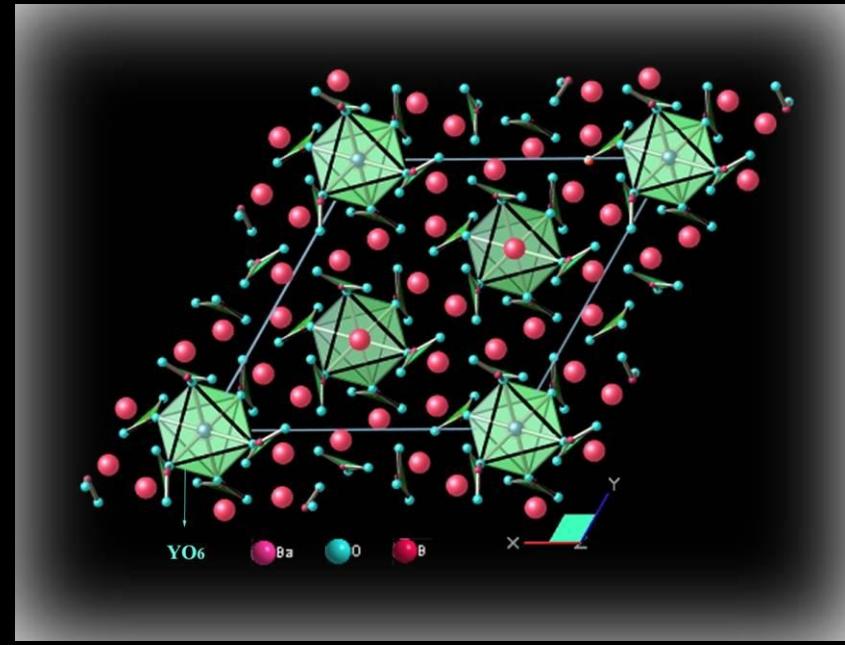


Phase transition of  
 $\text{BaTiO}_3$  from  
tetragonal to cubic  
at about  $132^\circ\text{C}$

# $\text{YBa}_3\text{B}_3\text{O}_9$ : Phase transition and structure determination



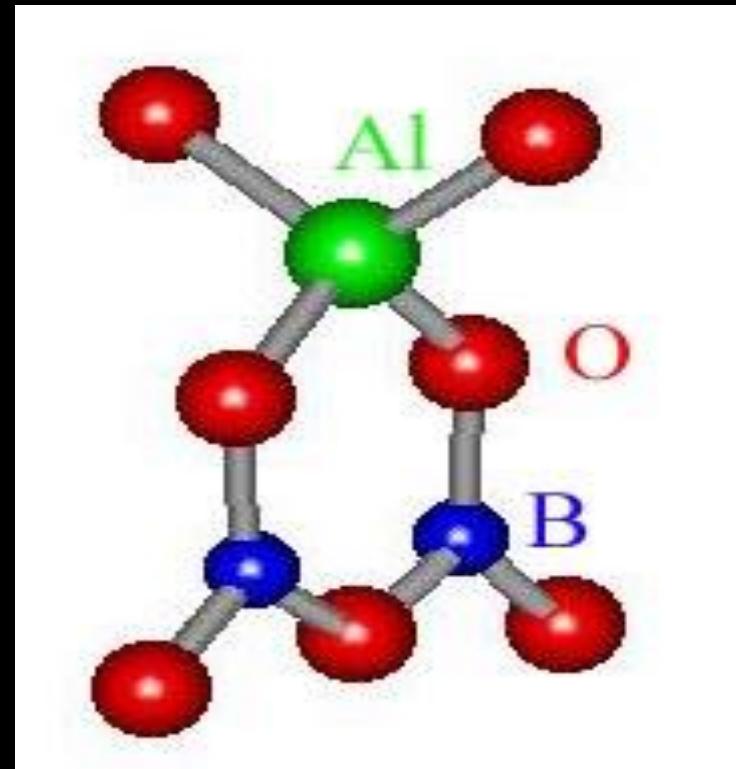
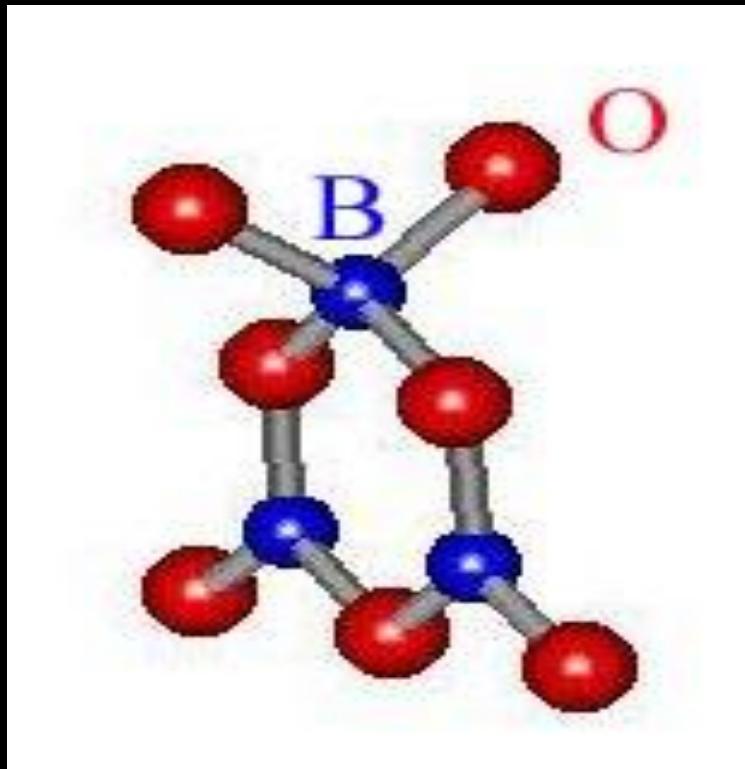
S. G.:  $P6_3\text{cm}$  (No. 185)  
 $a=9.4235(4)\text{\AA}$ ,  $c=17.602(1)\text{\AA}$   
1100°C



S. G.:  $R-3$  (No. 148)  
 $a=13.0441(1)\text{\AA}$ ,  $c=9.5291(1)\text{\AA}$   
1140°C

# $\text{LiAlB}_2\text{O}_5$ : Search for new SHG materials

---



$[\text{B}_3\text{O}_7]^{5-}$  &  $[\text{AlB}_2\text{O}_7]^{5-}$

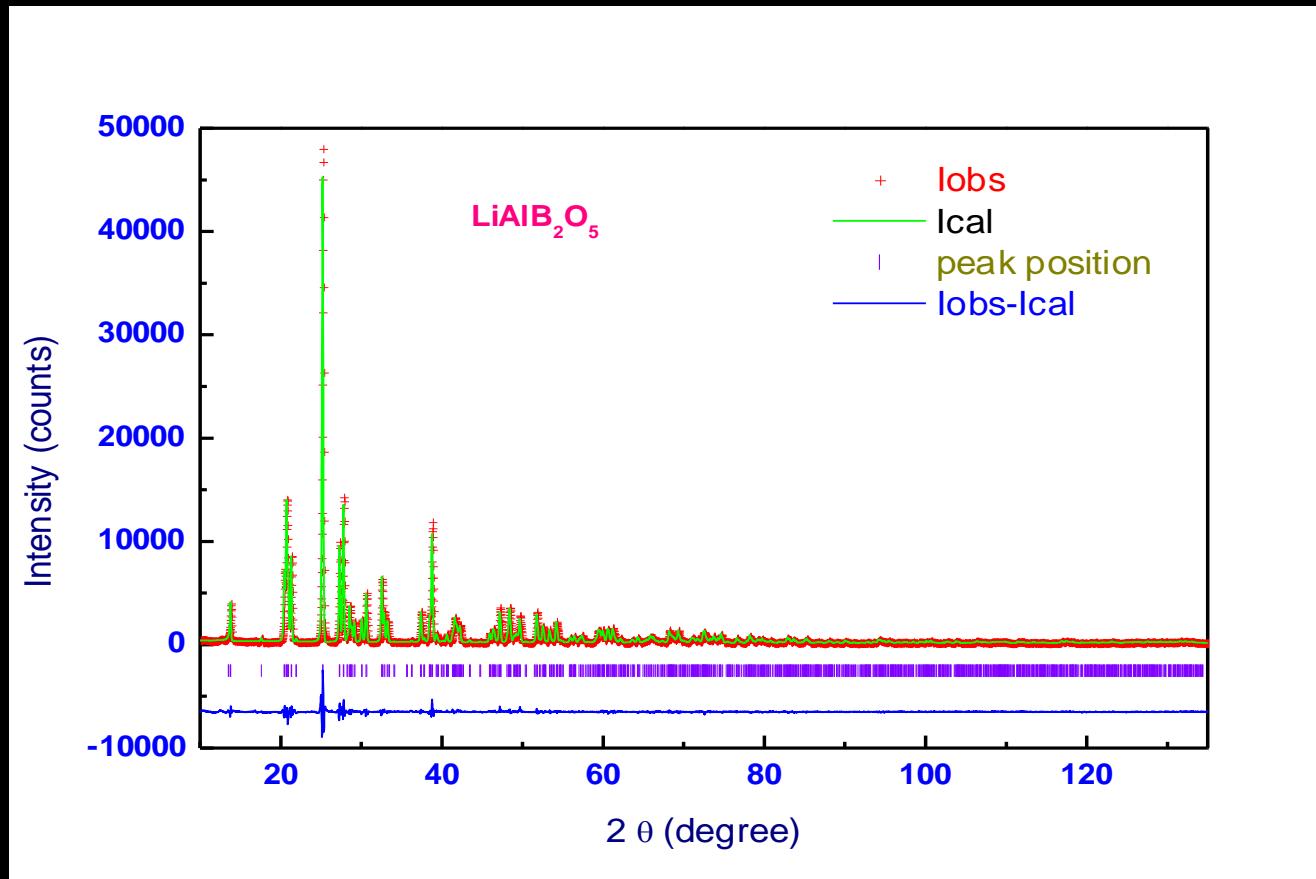
# Structural Data for LiAlB<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>

---

atoms	site	x	y	z	B(Å <sup>2</sup> )
Li (1)	4e	0.0000	0.378 (1)	0.2500	2.6(3)
Li (2)	4e	0.0000	0.159 (2)	-0.2500	3.2(3)
Al	8f	0.1948(2)	0.1523(2)	0.1510(2)	1.18(4)
B (1)	8f	-0.0662(7)	0.3266(7)	-0.0308(8)	1.5(1)
B (2)	8f	0.2341(8)	-0.0050(6)	0.4071(8)	1.4(1)
O(1)	8f	0.0582(4)	0.2754(3)	0.1104(4)	1.63(8)
O(2)	8f	-0.1232(3)	0.2944(3)	-0.1897(3)	0.98(8)
O(3)	8f	-0.1386(4)	0.4271(3)	0.0238(4)	1.76(8)
O (4)	8f	0.1581(4)	0.0184(3)	0.2428(4)	1.64(8)
O (5)	8f	0.1846 (3)	0.1071(3)	-0.0311(4)	1.19(8)

# Final Refinement of New compound of LiAlB<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>

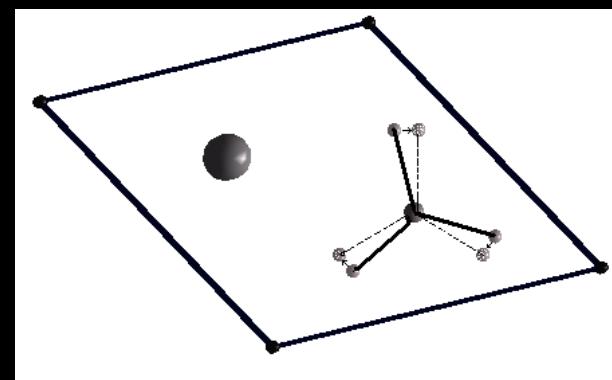
---



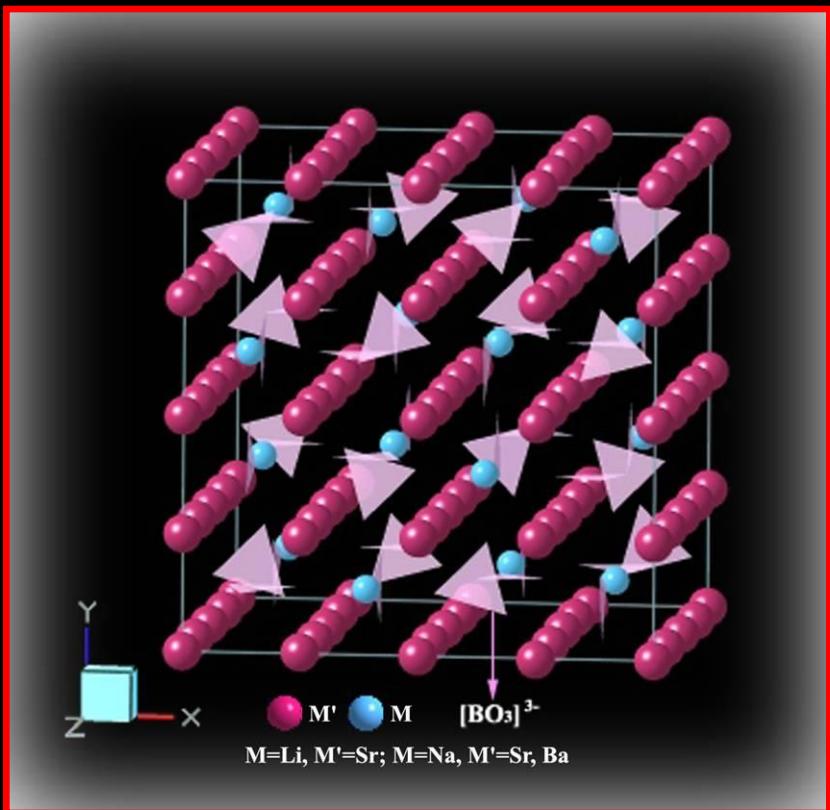
# Structure vs Temperature: KCaCO<sub>3</sub>F

atoms <sup>+</sup>	site <sup>+</sup>	x <sup>+</sup>	y <sup>+</sup>	z <sup>+</sup>	temperature (K) <sup>+</sup>
K <sup>+</sup>	1a <sup>+</sup>	0 <sup>+</sup>	0 <sup>+</sup>	0 <sup>+</sup>	295-673 <sup>+</sup>
C <sup>+</sup>	1f <sup>+</sup>	0.66667 <sup>+</sup>	0.33333 <sup>+</sup>	0.5 <sup>+</sup>	295-673 <sup>+</sup>
F <sup>+</sup>	1c <sup>+</sup>	0.33333 <sup>+</sup>	0.66667 <sup>+</sup>	0 <sup>+</sup>	295-673 <sup>+</sup>
Ca <sup>+</sup>	1d <sup>+</sup>	0.33333 <sup>+</sup>	0.66667 <sup>+</sup>	0.5 <sup>+</sup>	295-673 <sup>+</sup>
O <sup>2-</sup>	2e <sup>-</sup>	0.81094(7) <sup>-</sup>	0.18906(-7) <sup>-</sup>	0.5 <sup>-</sup>	295 <sup>-</sup>
		0.81044(8) <sup>-</sup>	0.18957(-8) <sup>-</sup>	0.5 <sup>-</sup>	373 <sup>-</sup>
O <sup>2-</sup>	3k <sup>-</sup>	0.80974(9) <sup>-</sup>	0.19026(9) <sup>-</sup>	0.5 <sup>-</sup>	473 <sup>-</sup>
		0.81060(10) <sup>-</sup>	0.19182(-10) <sup>-</sup>	0.5 <sup>-</sup>	573 <sup>-</sup>
		0.80948(12) <sup>-</sup>	0.19052(-12) <sup>-</sup>	0.5 <sup>-</sup>	673 <sup>-</sup>

0.8120(3) 0.1880(3)  
0.5 by x-ray data



# $\text{LiSr}_4\text{B}_3\text{O}_9$ : A comparison between structure determination from single-crystal and powder X-ray diffraction



$a = 14.9470 \text{ \AA}$  S.G: Ia-3d  
 $(Z_B/Z_{\text{Sr}})^2 = (3/38)^2 \approx 0.6\%$

Single-crystal:  $R_{\text{int}} = 0.0745$

$R_1(\text{all data}) = 0.0695$

$wR_2(\text{all data}) = 0.1887$

with weighting scheme:

$$W = 1/[\sigma^2(Fo^2) + (0.0000P)^2 + 359.71P]$$

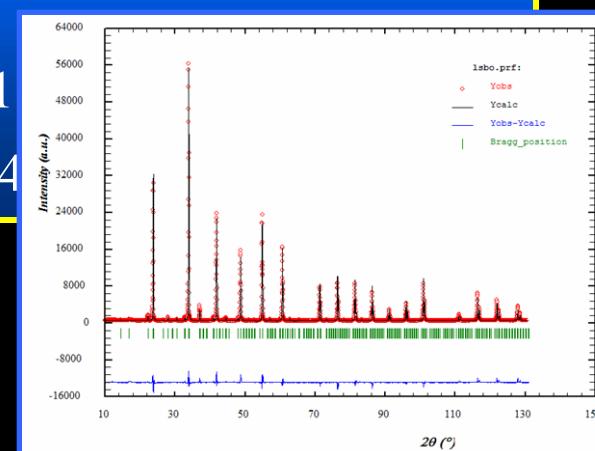
where  $P = (Fo^2 + 2Fc^2)/3$

SDPD:  $R_B = 0.07$

$R_p = 0.0609$

$R_{wp} = 0.0811$

$R_{\text{exp}} = 0.0314$



# What is a Rietveld Refinement?

---

- a standard treatment of powder diffraction data to make the final structural model achieve the accepted criterion;
- a best known method that fully makes use of the step-mode scanned data to dig out a lot of structural and other information;
- a procedure for structural solution in nature.

# What can we get to perform a Rietveld refinement?

---

Lattice Parameters

Atomic Positions

Atomic Occupancy

Debye Temperatures

Crystallinity

Magnetic structures

Quantitative phase Analysis

Grain size

Incommensurate Structure

Structure factors

Phase transitions

.....

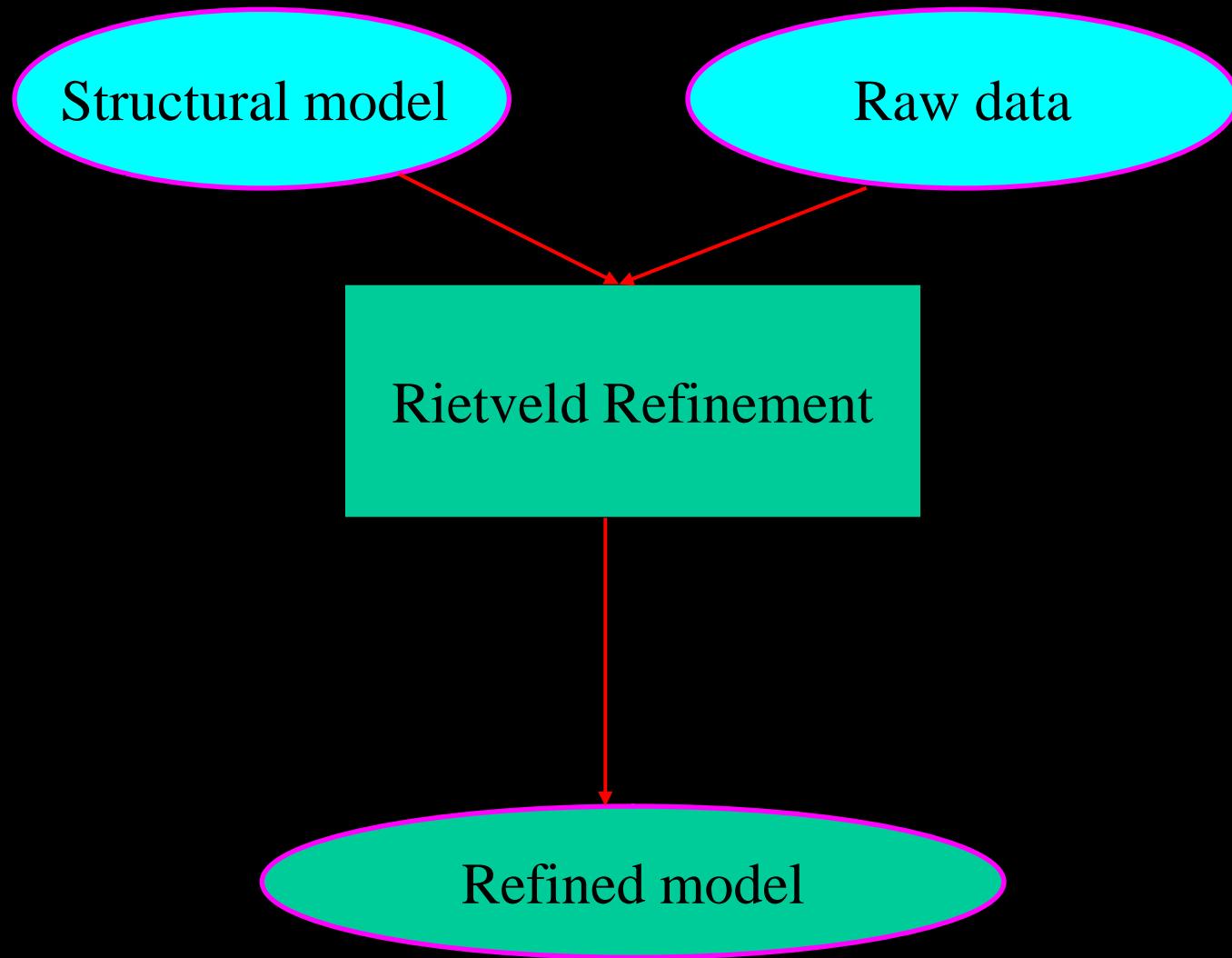
# History Review

- Rietveld originally introduced the Profile Refinement method (Using step-scanned data rather than integrated Powder peak intensity) (1966,1967)
- **Rietveld developed first computer Program for the analysis of neutron data for Fixed-wavelength diffractometers (1969)**
- Malmos & Thomas first applied the Rietveld refinement method (RR) for analysis of x-ray powder data collected on a Ginier Hagg focusing Camera (1977)
- **Khattack & Cox first applied the RR to x-ray powder data collected on a diffractometer (1977)**
- Conference on Diffraction Profile Anlysis Sponsored by IUCr in Poland, suggested the term “Rietveld Method”(1978)
- **Wiles and Yang developed a general computer program (D.B.W) for both x-ray & neutron diffraction data (fixed wavelength)(1981)**
- Von Dreele, Jorgensen and Windsor extended to the program to the neutron diffraction data (1982)
- **Fitch et al, 193 refined parameters, UO<sub>2</sub> DAs.4D2O (1982)**



## Aminoff Prize, Stockholm, 1995

- ★ H.M. Rietveld *Acta crystallogr.*, 22, 151 (1967).
- ★ H.M. Riveted, *J. Appl. Crystallogr.*, 2, 65 (1969).



# How RM works?

---

The RM refines a structure by minimizing a quantity through the Newton-Raphson algorithm

$$\chi^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i \{y_i - y_{c,i}(\alpha)\}^2$$

where,  $y_i$  is the observed intensity at a certain  $2\theta$ ,  
 $y_{c,i}$  is the calculated intensity at the same angle,  
 $w_i$  is a weight, we usually take  $w_i=1/y_i$   
 $i=1,2,\dots,n$   
 $\alpha=(\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \dots \alpha_p)$ , the parameters to be refined.

$$\left( \frac{\partial \chi^2}{\partial \alpha} \right)_{\alpha=\alpha_{opt}} = 0$$

Given a solution  $\alpha = \alpha_{opt}(\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_p)$  that approximately satisfy the above equation. To find a better solution, we begin an iterative process by expanding  $\left( \frac{\partial \chi^2}{\partial \alpha} \right)$  into a Taylor series

$$\left. \frac{\partial \chi^2}{\partial \alpha} \right|_{\alpha=\alpha_1} = \left. \frac{\partial \chi^2}{\partial \alpha} \right|_{\alpha=\alpha_{opt}} + \sum_{i=1}^p \frac{\partial \chi^2}{\partial \alpha} \cdot \frac{\partial \chi^2}{\partial \alpha_i} \delta_i$$

$$\mathbf{A}\boldsymbol{\delta}_{\alpha 1}\!=\!\mathbf{b}$$

$$A_{kl} = \sum_i w_i \frac{\partial y_{c,i}(\pmb{\alpha}_0)}{\partial \alpha_k} \frac{\partial y_{c,i}(\pmb{\alpha}_0)}{\partial \alpha_l}$$

$$b_k = \sum_i w_i (y_i - y_{c,i}) \frac{\partial y_{c,i}(\pmb{\alpha}_0)}{\partial \alpha_k}$$

$$\alpha_1=\alpha_0+\delta_{\alpha 1}$$

$$y_{c,i} = \sum_{\phi} S_{\phi} \sum_{\mathbf{h}} I_{\phi,\mathbf{h}} \Omega(T_i - T_{\phi,\mathbf{h}}) + b_i$$

$$I_{\phi,\mathbf{h}} = \left\{ L A P C F^2 \right\}_{\phi,\mathbf{h}}$$

$S_{\phi}$  is the scale factor of the phase  $\phi$

$L_{\mathbf{h}}$  contains the Lorentz, polarisation and multiplicity factors.

$F_{\mathbf{h}}$  is the structure factor

$A_{\mathbf{h}}$  is the absorption correction

$P_{\mathbf{h}}$  is the preferred orientation function

$\Omega$  is the reflection profile function that models both  
instrumental and sample effects

$$F_{hkl} = \sum_i^n f_i e^{2\pi(hx_i + ky_i + lz_i)}$$

where,  $f_i$  atomic scattering factor for ith atom  
 $x_i, y_i$  and  $z_i$  the fractional coordinates for ith atom

$$f_i = f_{i0} e^{-M}$$
$$M = 8\pi^2 u^2 \left(\frac{\sin \theta}{\lambda}\right)^2 = B \left(\frac{\sin \theta}{\lambda}\right)^2$$

The mean square displacement of the atom in a direction normal to the reflecting planes

$$\alpha_i^{n+1} = \alpha_i^n + \delta_i \cdot RELAX \cdot CC$$

Where RELAX is relaxtion factors that are used to control the shifts to avoid divergence; and CC is a multiplier.

## What we need to perform a RR?

- A set of step-mode scanned data,  
usually  $2\theta=10-120^\circ$  or more, step  $\Delta 2\theta=0.02^\circ$   
collecting time is instrument dependent from 1-20s  
for laboratory diffractometer;
- An initial structural model having roughly accurate lattice  
constants, correct space group and approximate atomic  
positions

## How we obtain an initial structural model?

- solid solutions usually adopt same structure types of their parent compounds;



- Compounds with same chemical formula



but always alert that exceptions are not uncommon



- Try and error

- Ab initio structure determination

# *Is the compound known?*

## *Crystallographic Structure Databases*

---

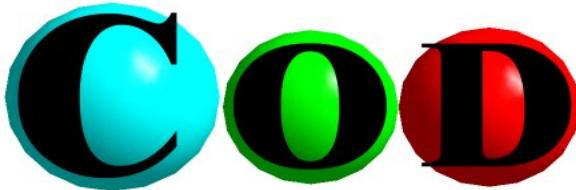
- ICSD (Minerals and Inorganics)
  - <http://www.fiz-karlsruhe.de/>
  - **Minerals and Inorganic**
  - Over 60000 entries
  
- Cambridge Structure Data Bank )
  - <http://www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk>
  - Organics & Organometallics
  - Over 250000 entries

- ICDD diffraction data
  - <http://www.icdd.com/>
  - Inorganic & Organic
  - Over 140000 entries
  
- NIST Crystal Data
  - <http://www.nist.gov/srd/nist3.htm>
  - Inorganic & Organic
- Over 230000 entries

A new  
structural  
database(2003):  
aimed at freely  
retrieving data

18000  
Patterns  
already!

[www.crystallography.net](http://www.crystallography.net)

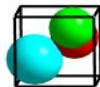


# Crystallography Open Database

[Upload data](#)

or

[Search the database](#)



More on the COD project : [what's new](#)

[CIFs Donators - Advice to potential CIF Donators](#)

[Statistics of access](#)

Updated 03/09/2003 → 12000 entries in the COD

All data on this site have been placed in the public domain by the contributors



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# Parameters in PCR file

The parameters in PCR file can be divided into three categories

- relating only to samples, refinable  
such as atomic positions, temperature factors
- relating both to samples and instruments  
such as scale factors, FWHM (Full width at half maximum)
- user-specified parameters  
such as BKPOS, Nba

COMM KFCaCO3 Aug.15,2003

```
! Current global Chi2 (Bragg contrib.) = 17.11
! Files => DAT-file: kca1, PCR-file: kca1
!Job Npr Nph Nba Nex Nsc Nor Dum Iwg Ilo Ias Res Ste Nre Cry Uni Cor Opt Aut
  0   5   1   0   2   0   1   1   0   0   1   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
!
!Ipr Ppl Ioc Mat Pcr Ls1 Ls2 Ls3 NLI Prf Ins Rpa Sym Hkl Fou Sho Ana
  0   0   1   0   2   0   0   0   0   1   0   1   0   1   2   0   0
!
! lambda1 Lambda2      Ratio      Bkpos      Wdt      Cthm      muR      AsyLim      Rpolarz ->Patt# 1
 1.540560 1.544390  0.5000  90.0000 12.0000  0.8009  0.0000  80.00  0.0000
!
!NCY Eps  R_at  R_an  R_pr  R_g1      Thmin      Step      Thmax      PSD      Sent0
 10  0.01  0.50  0.50  0.50  0.50  10.0000  0.020000 135.0000  0.000  0.000
!
! Excluded regions (LowT  HighT) for Pattern# 1
      0.02      9.98
     135.02     180.00
!
!
 24      !Number of refined parameters
!
! Zero    Code    SyCos    Code    SySin    Code    Lambda    Code MORE ->Patt# 1
 0.00000 11.00  0.00000  0.00  0.00000 240.01 0.000000  0.00  0
!
! Background coefficients/codes for Pattern# 1
  0.000      0.000      0.00      0.00      0.00      - 00.0
  31.000     41.000     51.000    211.000    221.000    231.000
!-----
! Data for PHASE number: 1 ==> Current R_Bragg for Pattern# 1: 9.43
!-----
```

# Codewords(I)

codewords are used to control parameters when to be refined, when to be fixed and when to be constrained and etc. A codeword is formed as

$$C\alpha = S(10P + CC)$$

Where S stands for the sign mark, P is an ordinal number set by users from 1 to p, the maximum number of parameters

# Codeword(II)

- For example, an atom Ca position is (0,0,z) with z to be refined from its initial value 0.1. The codeword in your PCR file looks like the following

.....

Ca1	Ca+2	0.0	0.0	0.1	...
		0.0	0.0	120.5	...

.....

Here, S=1, P=12, and CC=0.5. That means that z of Ca1 is the 12nd parameter to be refined in the iterative process, and x and y of Ca1 occupy special positions not needed to be refined.

## Codeword(III)

- Another example: the lattice constants of a tetragonal compound are to be refined. The codeword in your PCR file looks as follows

3.891    3.891    11.732

51.0    51.0    61.0

In this case, constraint is put on  $a$  and  $b$  by using the same codeword since  $a=b$  always holds in tetragonal compounds

# Codeword(IV)

One more example: the occupancies of two kinds of atoms at one site are to be refined. Solid solutions are the most common among this kind of refinements. The codewords in your PCR file are set as

Y	Y+3	.....	0.8
		.....	10.3
Yb	Yb+3	.....	0.2
		.....	-10.3

Only in this way are the occupancies guaranteed to satisfy

$$\text{Occ(Y)} + \text{Occ(Yb)} = 1$$

# Codeword(V)

- each parameter usually controlled by one codeword. Be alert that one codeword should be given to two or more parameters that are irrelevant;
- there is no limit to choose ordinal numbers.  
But we usually set the first ordinal numbers to global parameters such as zero point, background parameters and the etc.

# Modeling backgrounds

- The background intensity  $b_i$  at the  $i$ th step may be obtained by any of the following three method.
  - a specified background function, usually a polynomial;
  - linear interpolation between user-selected points in the pattern
  - A user-supplied function

# Control flags

The choice of background type is indicated by a control flag

- Comment line(4) Job Npr Nph **Nba** Nex...

0    5    1    **0**    2

Nba:

- =0    Refine background with a polynomial
- =1    Read background from file COFHIL.bac
- =2,3,...,N linear interpolation between N given points

...

$$b_i = \sum_m^{11} B_m \left( \frac{2\theta}{BKPOS} - 1 \right)^m$$

Where  $B_m$  are parameter to be refined  
BKPOS is a user-specified parameter, origin of polynomial function, non-refinable.

If  $2\theta=BKPOS$ , we see  $b_i=B_0$   
Users can look into their data files to set the values of BKPOS

# Profile functions (I)

Npr=0

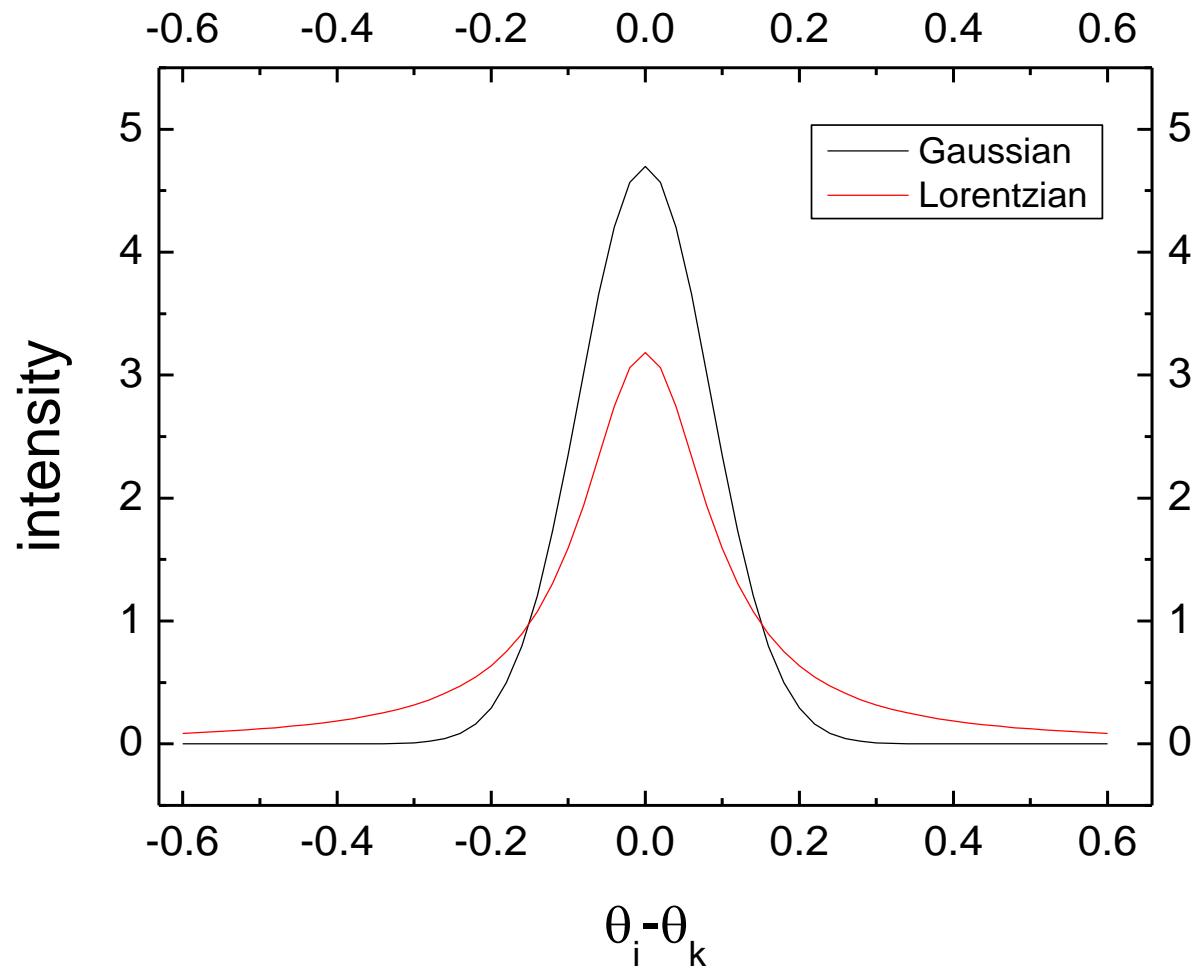
$$\frac{C_0^{0.5}}{H_K \pi^{0.5}} \exp(-C_0(2\theta_i - 2\theta_k)^2 / H_K^2)$$

Lorentzian (L)

Npr=1

$$\frac{C_1^{0.5}}{\pi H_K} \times \frac{1}{[1 + C_1 \frac{(2\theta_i - 2\theta_k)^2}{H_K^2}]}$$

Parameter to be refined:  $H_k$ , Full Width at Half Maximum (FWHM)



$H_k=0.2$

# Profile functions (II)

Mod.I Lorentzian

Npr=2

$$\frac{2C_2^{05}}{\pi H_K} \times \frac{1}{[1 + C_2 \frac{(2\theta_i - 2\theta_k)^2}{H_K^2}]^2}$$

Mod.I Lorentzian

Npr=3

$$\frac{C_3^{05}}{2\pi H_K} \times \frac{1}{[1 + C_3 \frac{(2\theta_i - 2\theta_k)^2}{H_K^2}]^{3/2}}$$

Parameter to be refined:  $H_k$ ,

# Profile functions (III)

Pseudo-Voigt

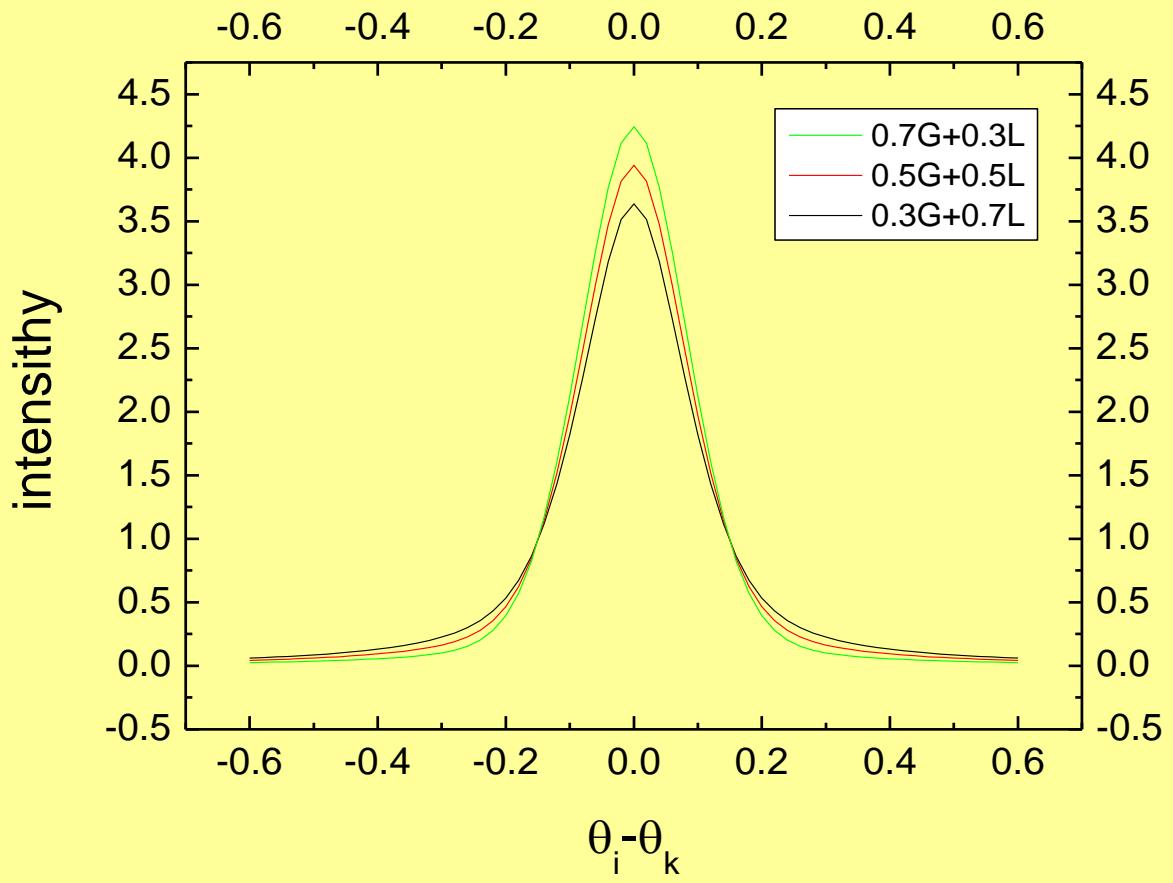
Npr=5

$$\eta L + (1 - \eta)G$$

$$\eta = \eta_0 + X * (2\theta)$$

Parameters to be refined:  $H_k$ ,  $\eta_0$ ,  $X$

$\eta_0$  = shape



Pseudo-Voigt functions  
 $H_k=0.2$

# Profile functions (III)

Pearson VII

$$\frac{C_4}{H_K} \left[ 1 + 4 * (2^{1/m} - 1) \frac{(2\theta_i - 2\theta_k)^2}{H_K^2} \right]^{-m}$$

$$m = m_0 + 100 \frac{X}{2\theta} + 1000 \frac{Y}{(2\theta)^2}$$

Parameters to be refined:  $H_k$ ,  $m_0$ ,  $X, Y$

# Profile functions (IV)

(Mod-TCHZ pV)

$$L(x) \otimes G(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} L(x-u)G(u)du$$

$L(x)$  and  $G(x)$  have different FWHMs  $H_L$  and  $H_G$

$$\eta = 1.36603 \frac{H_L}{H} - 0.47719 \left( \frac{H_L}{H} \right)^2 + 0.1116 \left( \frac{H_L}{H} \right)^3$$

$$H = \left( H_G^5 + AH_G^4 H_L + BH_G^3 H_L^2 + CH_G^2 H_L^3 + DH_G H_L^4 + H_L^5 \right)^{0.2}$$

Parameters to be refined:  $H_G$  and  $H_L$

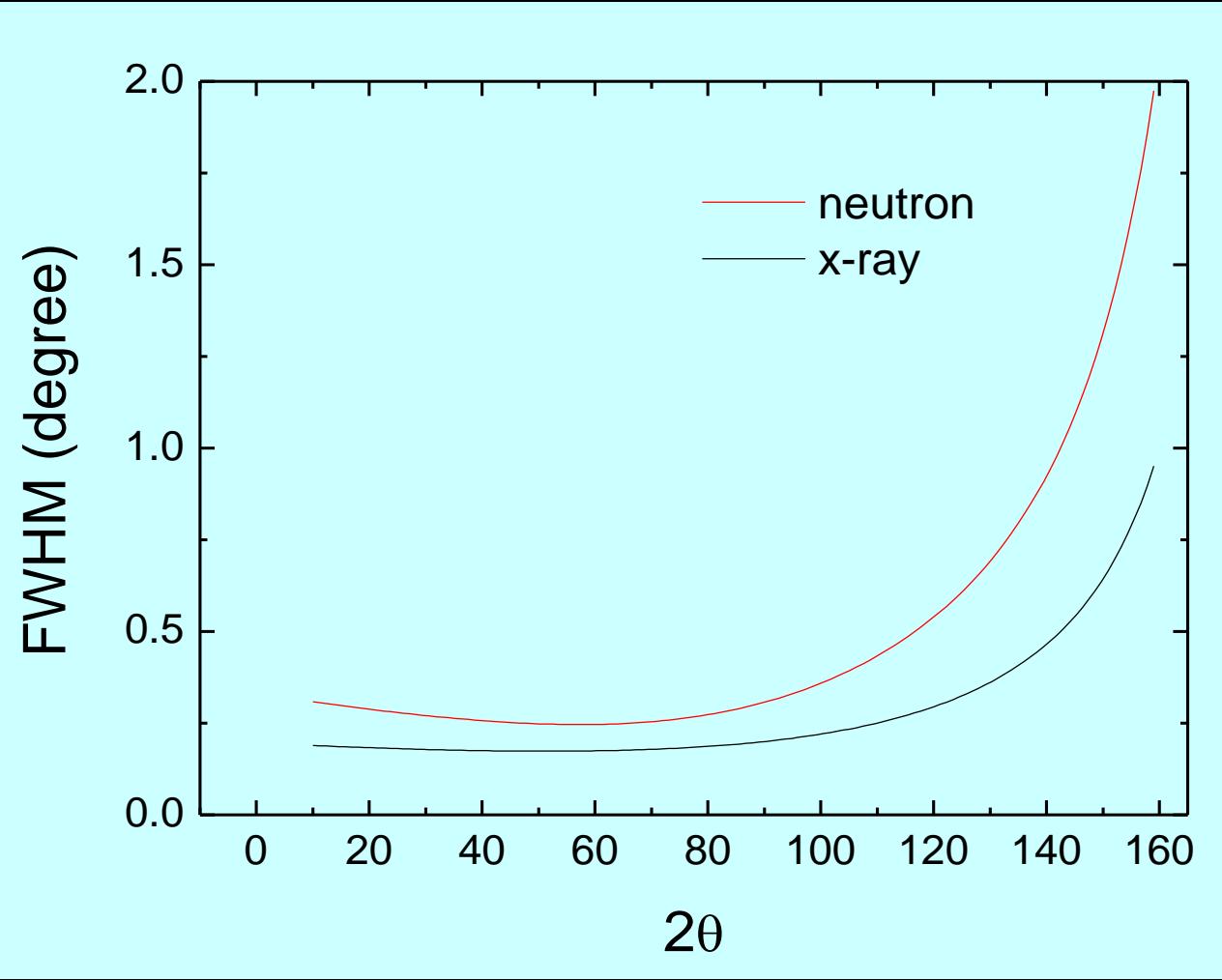
# Full width at half Maximum (FWHM)

$$H_G = U \tan^2 \theta + V \tan \theta + W + \frac{I_g}{\cos^2 \theta}$$

For Npr=0...6,  $H_k = H_G$

$$H_L = X \tan \theta + \frac{[Y + F(S_z)]}{\cos \theta}$$

For Npr=7,  $H_L$  is required  
apart from  $H_G$



Typical variations of FWHM vs  $2\theta$

# Summary for the parameters to be refined with different profiles

Npr=0, Gaussian: U, V, W, I<sub>g</sub>                    3

Npr=5, pv: U,V,W,I<sub>g</sub>, η<sub>0</sub>(Shape), X            5

NPr=6, Pearson VII: U,V,W,I<sub>g</sub>, η<sub>0</sub>(Shape), X,Y    6

NPr=7, TCHZpv: U,V,W,I<sub>g</sub>, X,Y,S<sub>z</sub>            6

```

COMM KFCaCO3 Aug.15,2003
! Current global Chi2 (Bragg contrib.) =      17.11
! Files => DAT-file: kca1, PCR-file: kca1
!Job Npr Nph Nba Nex Nsc Nor Dum Iwg Ilo Ias Res Ste Nre Cry Uni Cor Opt Aut
    0   5   1   0   2   0   1   1   0   0   1   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
!
!Ipr Ppl Ioc Mat Pcr Ls1 Ls2 Ls3 NLI Prf Ins Rpa Sym Hkl Fou Sho Ana
    0   0   1   0   2   0   0   0   0   1   0   1   0   1   2   0   0
!
! lambda1 Lambda2      Ratio      Bkpos      Wdt      Cthm      muR      AsyLim      Rpolarz ->Patt# 1
  1.540560 1.544390  0.5000  90.0000 12.0000  0.8009  0.0000  80.00  0.0000
K+1  C+4  CA+2
O-2  F-1
!
P -6 m 2          <-Space group symbol
!Atom Typ      X      Y      Z      Biso      Occ      In Fin N_t Spc /Codes
K   K+1      0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.0      0.08333  0  0  0  1
                  0.00      0.00      0.00  161.00      0.00
C1   C      0.66667  0.33333  0.50000  0.0      0.08333  0  0  0  2
                  0.00      0.00      0.00  171.00      0.00
Ca   Ca+2      0.33333  0.66667  0.50000  0.0      0.08333  0  0  0  3
                  0.00      0.00      0.00  201.00      0.00
O1   O-1      0.80000  0.20000  0.50000  0.0      0.25000  0  0  0  4
                  151.00  -151.00      0.00  181.00      0.00
F    F-1      0.33333  0.66667  0.00000  0.0      0.08333  0  0  0  5
                  0.00      0.00      0.00  191.00      0.00
!-----> Profile Parameters for Pattern # 1
!  Scale      Shape1      Bov      Str1      Str2      Str3      Strain-Model
  1.00000E-01  0.10000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0
  21.00000  61.000  0.000  0.000  0.000  0.000
!
!      U      V      W      X      Y      GauSiz      LorSiz Size-Model
  0.100000  -0.100000  0.200000  0.000000  0.000000  0.000000  0.000000  0
  71.000  81.000  91.000  0.000  0.000  0.000  0.000  0.000
!
!      a      b      c      alpha     beta     gamma      #Cell Info
  5.100000  5.10000  4.500000  90.000000  90.000000  120.000000

```

# Preferred orientations (I)

Nor=0,

Rietveld-Toraya  
Model

$$P_H = G_2 + (1 - G_2) \exp(G_1 \alpha_H^2)$$

$G_1$  and  $G_2$  are refinable parameters

$\alpha_H$  is the acute angle between  $d^*_H$  and the normal to the crystallites (platy habit)

Note: preferred orientation vector Pr1,Pr2 and Pr3 is needed to specify *a priori* by users

# Preferred orientations (II)

Nor=1

$$P_H = G_2 + (1 - G_2) \left[ (G_1 \cos \alpha_H)^2 + \frac{\sin^2 \alpha_H}{G_1} \right]^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$G_1$  and  $G_2$  are refinable parameters

$G_1 < 1$ , platy habit,

$G_1 = 1$ , no preferred orientation

$G_1 > 1$  Needle-like habit

```

! Current global Chi2 (Bragg contrib.) =      17.11
! Files => DAT-file: kca1  PCR-file: kca1
!Job Npr Nph Nba Nex Nsd Nor Dmum Iwg Ilo Ias Res Ste Nre Cry Uni Cor Opt Aut
    0   5   1   0   2   0   1   1   0   0   1   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
!
!Ipr Ppl Ioc Mat Pcr Ls1 Ls2 Ls3 NLI Prf Ins Rpa Sym Hkl Fou Sho Ana
    0   0   1   0   2   0   0   0   0   1   0   1   0   1   2   0   0
!
!---
K/Ca/F/O/C
!
!Nat Dis Ang Pr1 Pr2 Pr3 Job Irf Isy Str Furth          ATZ      Nvk Npr More
    5   0   0 0.0 0.0 1.0   0   0   0   0   0   158.170   0   5   1
!
!Jvi Jdi Hel Sol Mom Ter Brind   RMua   RMub   RMuc   Jtyp   Nsp_Ref Ph_Shift
    0   3   0   0   0   0   1.0000   0.0000   0.0000   0.0000   0   0   0
!
! Max_dst(dist) (angles) Bond-Valence Calc.
    3.5000   0.0000          BVS
! N_cations   N_anions   Tolerance(%) / Name or cations/ and Anions
    3           2           200.00
!
! Scale       Shape1       Bov       Str1       Str2       Str3       Strain-Model
1.00000E-01   0.10000   0.00000   0.00000   0.00000   0.00000   0
    21.00000   61.000   0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000
!
! U           V           W           X           Y           GauSiz   LorSiz Size-Model
    0.100000  -0.100000  0.200000  0.0000000  0.0000000  0.0000000  0.0000000   0
    71.000   81.000   91.000   0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000
!
! a           b           c           alpha      beta      gamma     #Cell Info
    5.100000   5.10000   4.500000  90.0000000  90.0000000 120.0000000
    101.00000  101.00000 111.00000   0.00000   0.00000  101.00000
!
! Pref1      Pref2      Asy1      Asy2      Asy3      Asy4
    0.00000   0.00000   0.00000   0.00000   0.00000   0.00000
    121.00     0.00   131.00   141.00     0.00     0.00

```

# Systematic line-shift

## Bragg-Brentano Geometry

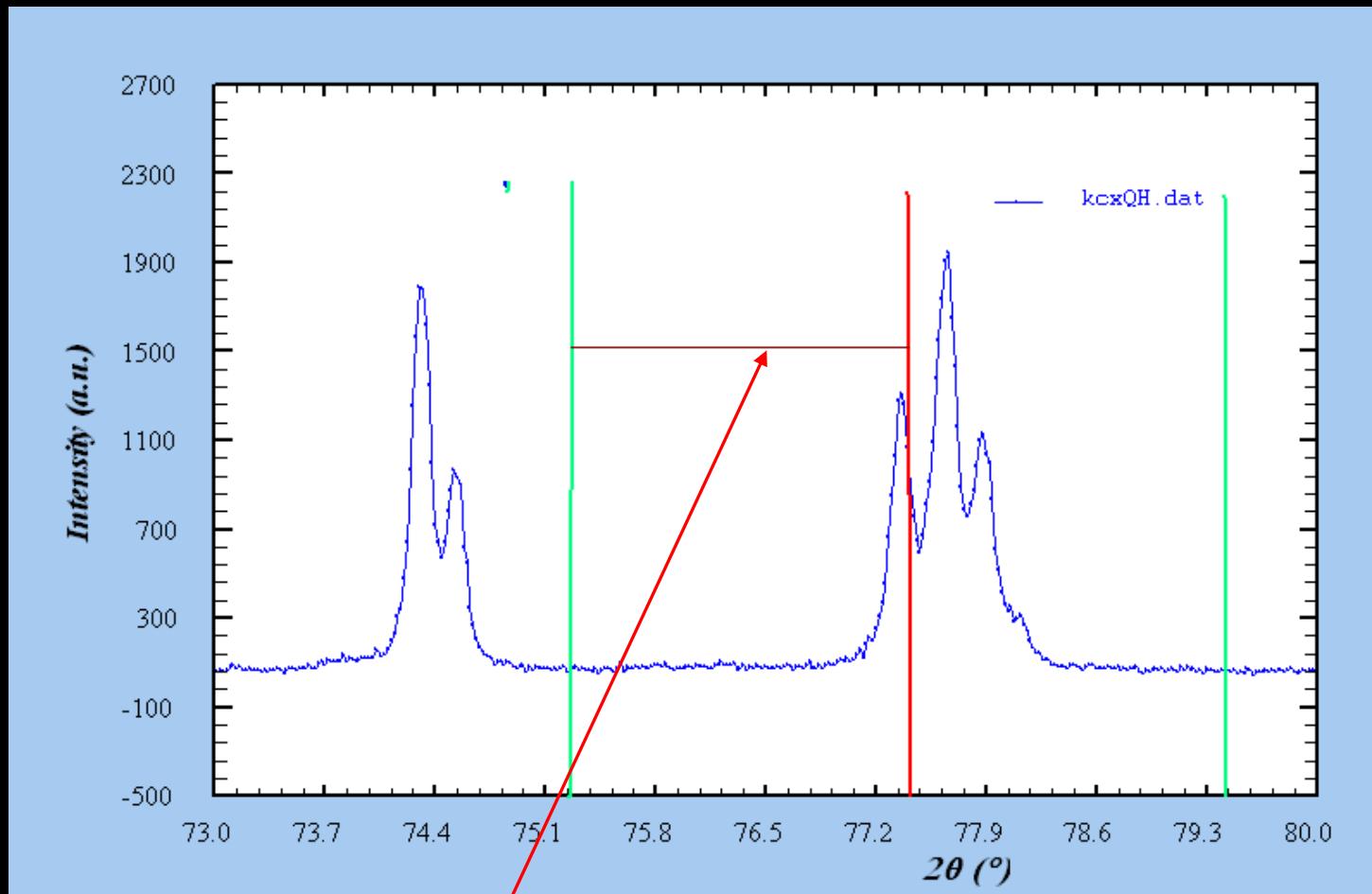
- Specimen displacement

$$\Delta 2\theta = \frac{-2s}{R} \cos \theta$$

- Specimen Transparency

$$\Delta 2\theta = \frac{1}{2\mu R} \sin 2\theta$$

$\mu$ : the linear absorption coefficient of the sample



WDT FWHM

WDT>5,  
preferably  $\geq 10$

# Monochromator polarization correct

$$LP = \frac{1 + \cos^2 2\alpha \cos^2 2\theta}{\sin^2 \theta \cos \theta}$$

$\alpha$  Incident angle to a monochromator

CTHM= $\cos^2 2\alpha = 0.8009$  for a graphite  
monochromator, CuK $\alpha$

# Asymmetry correction for profiles

$$A_s(z) = 1 + \frac{P_1 F_a(z) + P_2 F_b(z)}{\tanh \theta_H} + \frac{P_3 F_a(z) + P_4 F_b(z)}{\tanh 2\theta_H}$$

$$z = \frac{2\theta_i - 2\theta_H - S_{shf}}{FWHM}$$

$P_1, P_2, P_3$ , and  $P_4$  are parameters to be refined

**AsymLim:** peaks below this  $2\theta$  angle limit  
are corrected for asymmetry

```

! Current global chis (Bragg Concris.) 17.11
! Files => DAT-file: kca1, PCR-file: kca1
! Job Npr Nph Nba Nex Nsc Nor Dum Iwg Ilo Ias Res Ste Nre Cry Uni Cor Opt Aut
  0   5   1   0   2   0   1   1   0   0   1   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0

! Ipr Ppl Ioc Mat Pcr Ls1 Ls2 NLI Prf Ins Rpa Sym Hkl Fou Sho Ana
  0   0   1   0   2   0   0   0   0   1   0   1   0   1   2   0   0

! lambda1 Lambda2      Ratio      Bkpos      Wdt      Cthm      muR      AsyLim      Rpolarz ->Patt# 1
1.540560 1.544390 0.5000 90.0000 12.0000 0.8009 0.0000 80.00 0.0000

! NCY Eps R_at R_an R_pr R_g1 Thmin Step Thmax PSD SentO
10 0.01 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 10.0000 0.020000 135.0000 0.000 0.000

! Excluded regions (LowT HighT) for Pattern# 1
    0.02      9.98
    135.02     180.00

! 24      !Number of refined parameters

! Zero Code SyCos Code SySin Code Lambda Code MORE ->Patt# 1
0.00000 11.00 0.00000 0.00 0.00000 240.01 0.000000 0.00 0

! Background coefficients/codes for Pattern# 1
0.000 0.000 0.00 0.00 0.00 - 00.0
0.000 0.000

! U          V          W          X          Y          GauSiz      LorSiz Size-Model
0.100000 -0.100000 0.200000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0
71.000 81.000 91.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
! a          b          c          alpha        beta       gamma      #Cell Info
5.100000 5.10000 4.500000 90.000000 90.000000 120.000000
101.00000 101.00000 111.00000 0.00000 0.00000 101.00000
! Pref1      Pref2      Asy1      Asy2      Asy3      Asy4
0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
121.00 0.00 131.00 141.00 0.00 0.00

```

# Occupancy

$$Occ = chemOcc \cdot \frac{m}{M}$$

m is the site multiplicity, M is the multiplicity of the general site for a given space group.

For example, KCaFCO<sub>3</sub>, P-6m2(187)

K+1 occupies 1(a) site; O-2 3(k) site; general site 12(o),  
Occ(K+) = 1/12 = 0.08333, Occ(O-2) = 0.25, both atoms' chemical occupancy = 1.0

# Agreement Factors (I)

$$R_p = 100 \frac{\sum_i^n |y_i - y_{ci}|}{\sum_i^n y_i}$$

Profile Factor

$$R_{wp} = 100 \left[ \frac{\sum_i^n w_i |y_i - y_{ci}|^2}{\sum_i^n w_i y_i} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

Weighted Profile Factor

$$R_{exp} = 100 \left[ \frac{n-p}{\sum_i^n w_i y_i^2} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

Expected  
Weighted  
Profile Factor

# Agreement Factors (II)

$$S = \frac{R_{wp}}{R_{\text{exp}}}$$

Goodness of fit  
indicator

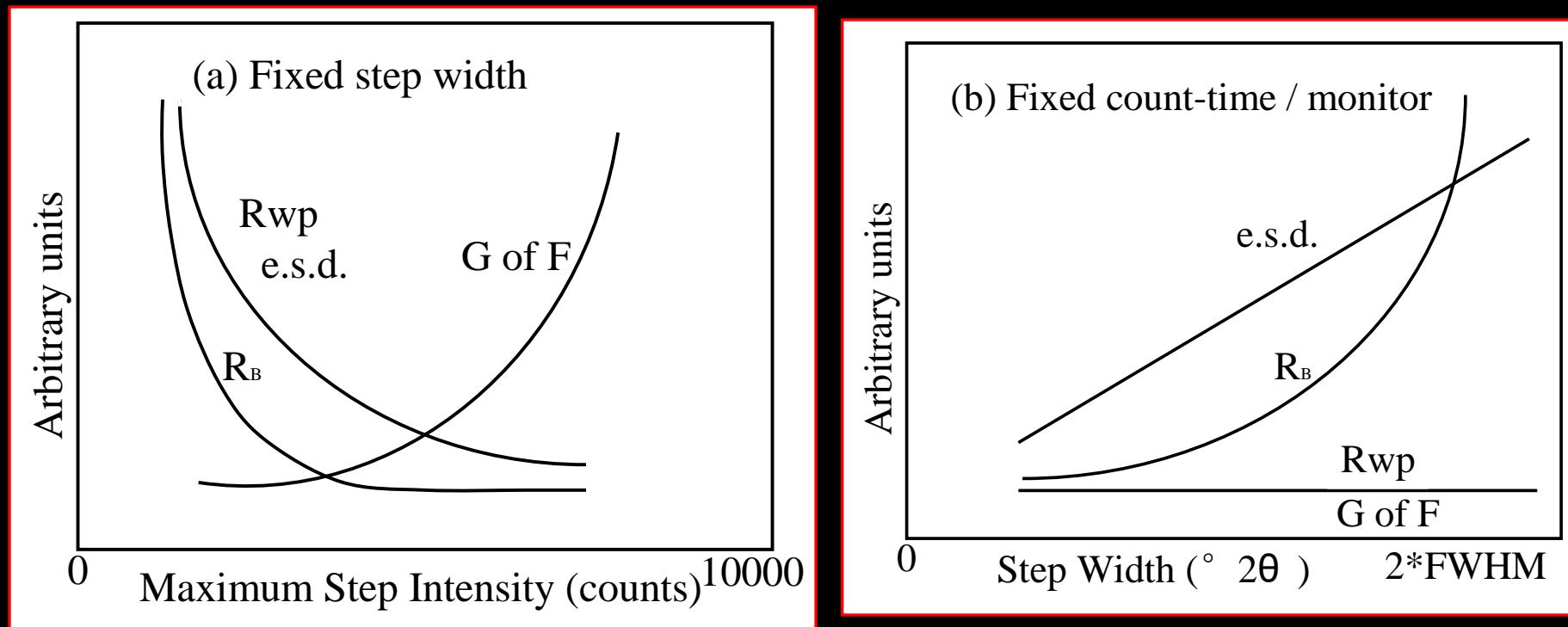
$$R_B = 100 \frac{\sum_h |I_{obs,h} - I_{calc,h}|}{\sum_h |I_{obs,h}|}$$

Bragg Factor

$$R_F = 100 \frac{\sum_h |F_{obs,h} - F_{calc,h}|}{\sum_h |F_{obs,h}|}$$

Crystallographic R<sub>F</sub> factor

# Variations of agreement factors and esd.



Hill & Madsen, Powder Diffraction(1987)

# An estimation of S for an ideal refinement

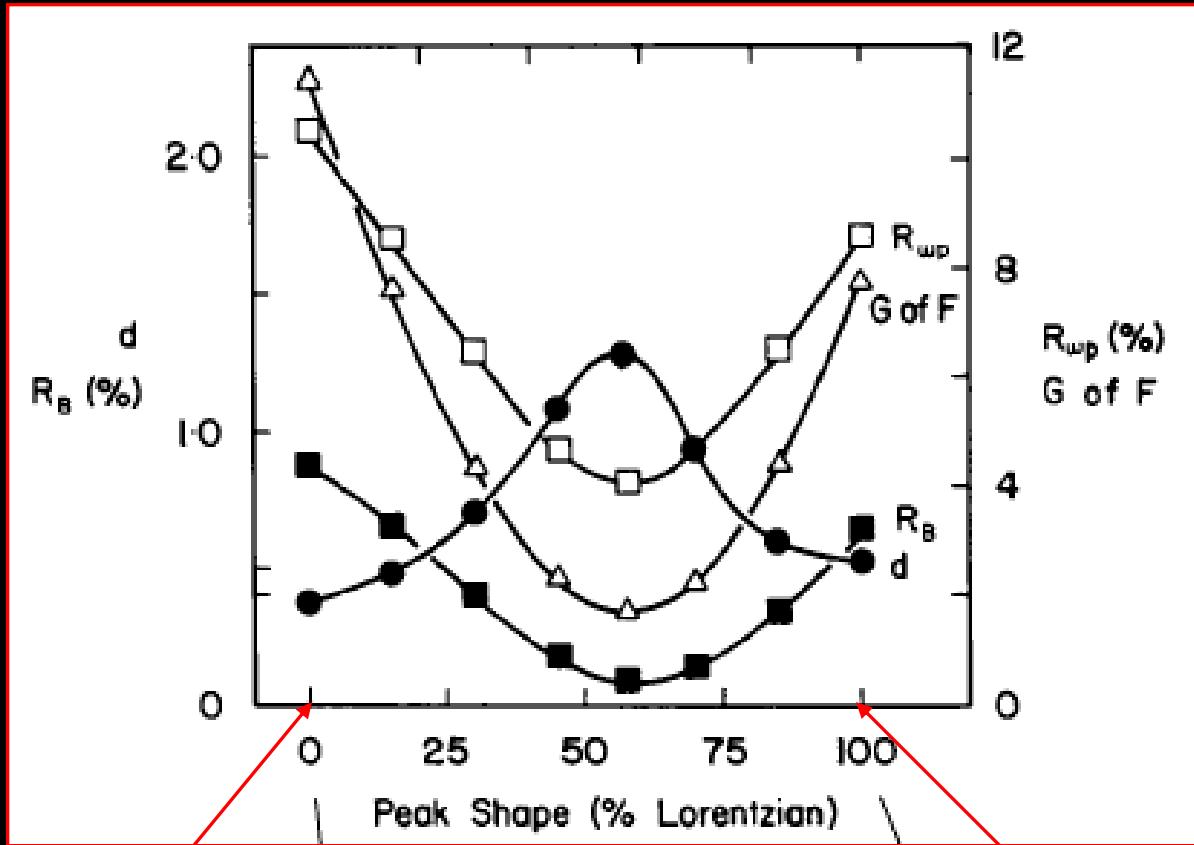
take

$$\sigma_i = \sqrt{y_i}$$

$$(y_i - y_{ci})^2 = [y_i - (y_i \pm \sqrt{y_i})]^2 = y_i$$

$$S = \left[ \frac{\sum_i^N w_i (y_i - y_{ci})^2}{N - P} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} = \left[ \frac{\sum_i^N w_i y_i}{N - P} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} = \left[ \frac{N}{N - P} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$S \approx 1$  since  $N \gg P$



Gaussian

Lorentzian

# Durbin-Watson statistic parameters

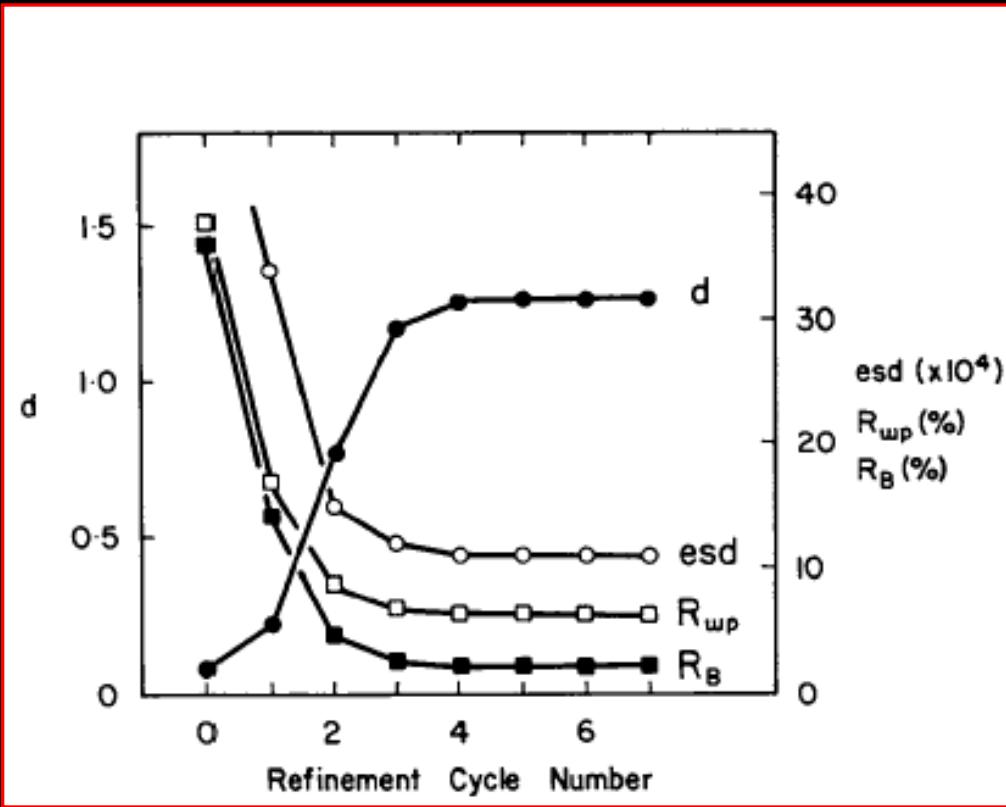
$$d = \frac{\sum_{i=2}^N [w_i(y_i - y_{ci}) - w_{i-1}(y_{i-1} - y_{ci-1})]^2}{\sum_{i=1}^N [w_i(y_i - y_{ci})]^2}$$

$$Q_D = 2 \left[ \frac{N-1}{N-P} - \frac{3.0901}{\sqrt{N+2}} \right]$$

$d < Q_D$ : positive serial correlation

$Q_D < d < 4 - Q_D$ : no serial correlation

$d > 4 - Q_D$ : negative serial correlation



Variations of  $d$ , eds,  $R_{wp}$  and  $R_B$  vs cycles

# Comments on agreement factors

- $R_F$  and  $R_B$  are more indicative of structural model fits
- $R_p$  and  $R_{exp}$  are more indicative of overall profile fits
  - $R_B$ ,  $R_p$  and  $R_{exp}$  are not good indices for the refinements of different patterns
- $S$  should be as close as 1
  - is a more sensitive index over  $R_F$ ,  $R_B$ ,  $R_p$  and  $R_{exp}$
- At least  $R_p$ ,  $R_{wp}$  and  $R_{exp}$  should be given when submitting a paper to a journal

# Quantitative Phase Analysis

---

$$W_j = \frac{S_j Z_j M_j V_j / t_j}{\sum_i S_i Z_i M_i V_i / t_i}$$

where,  $W_j$  is the weight fraction for the  $j$ th phase;

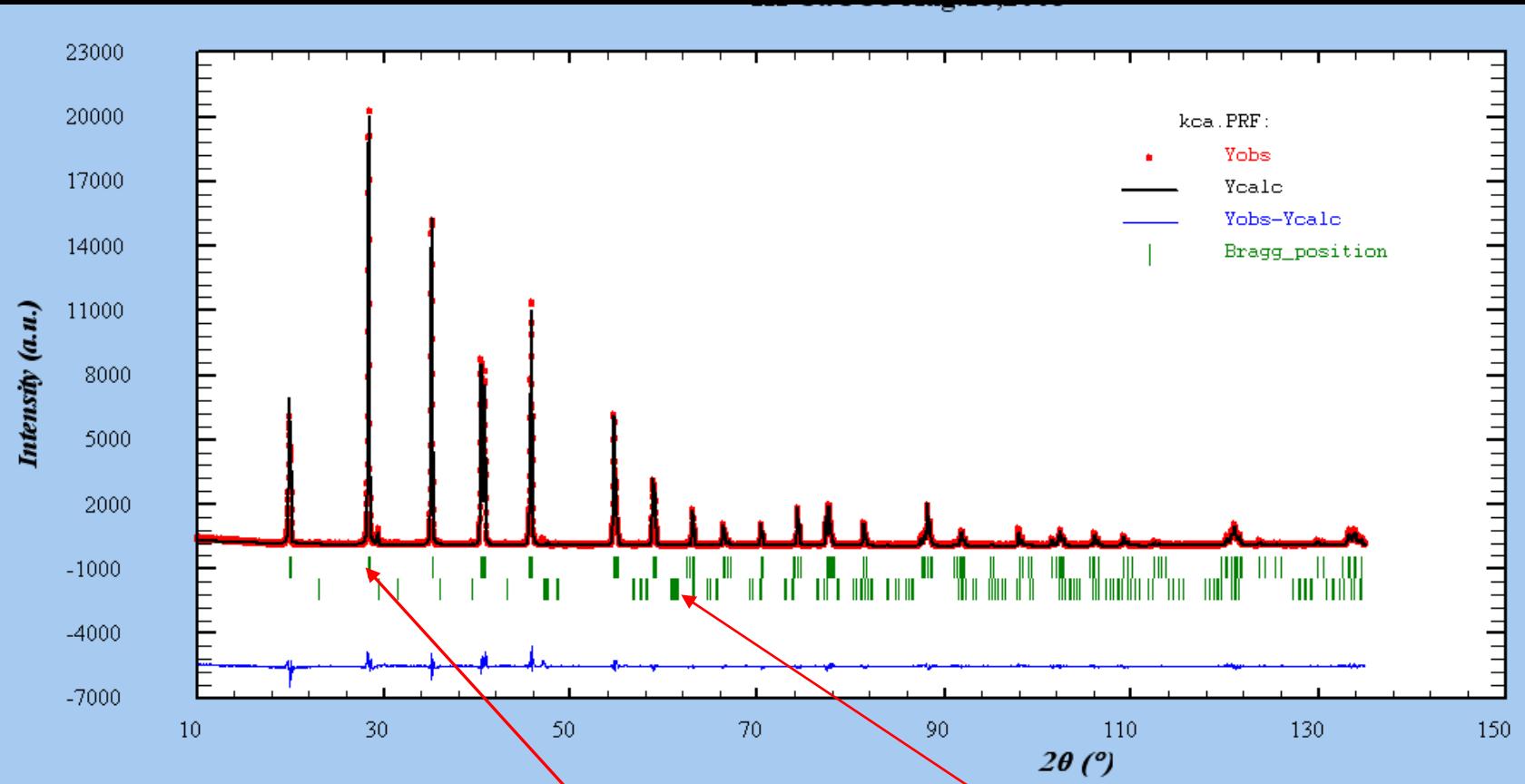
$S_j$  is scale factor for the  $j$ th phase;

$Z_j$  is the number formula units per cell for the  $j$ th phase;

$M_j$  is the mass of the formula unit;

$V_j$  is the unit cell volume;

$t_j$  Brindley coefficient **that comes into effect when the linear absorption coefficients of phases in powder differ a lot to each other.**



KCaFCO<sub>3</sub>

CaCO<sub>3</sub>

# Multiphase Rietveld Analysis

```
COMM KFCaCO3 Aug.15,2003
! Current global Chi2 (Bragg contrib.) =      4.520
! Files => DAT-file: kca, PCR-file: kca
!Job Npr Nph Nba Nex Nsc Nor Dum Iwg Ilo Ias Res Ste Nre Cry Uni Cor Opt Aut
  0  5  2  0  2  0  1  1  0  0  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
...
! Background coefficients/codes for Pattern# 1
  56.357   -52.995    282.29     567.97   -802.96   -1594.7
    0.000     0.000     0.000     0.000     0.000     0.000
!---
! Data for PHASE number: 1 => Current R_Bragg for Pattern# 1: 5.10
!-
K/Ca/F/O/C
!
!Nat Dis Ang Pr1 Pr2 Pr3 Jbt Irf Isy Str Furth          ATZ      Nvk Npr More
  5  0  0 0.0 0.0 1.0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
!
P -6 m 2          <-Space group symbol
!Atom Typ      X      Y      Z      Biso      Occ      In Fin N_t Spc /Codes
K   K+1      0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  1.01101  0.08333  0  0  0  0
                      0.00      0.00      0.00    161.00      0.00
C1   C       0.66667  0.33333  0.50000  1.41570  0.08333  0  0  0  0
                      0.00      0.00      0.00    171.00      0.00
...
  0.99619  0.00000  0.11323  0.06140  0.00000  0.00000
  121.00    0.00    131.00    141.00    0.00      0.00
!---
! Data for PHASE number: 2 => Current R_Bragg for Pattern# 1: 35.91
!-
Ca/O/C
!
C1   C       0.00000  0.00000  0.25000  0.57456  0.16667  0  0  0  0
                      0.00      0.00      0.00      0.00      0.00
O1   O-1      0.24530  0.00000  0.25000  0.89400  0.50000  0  0  0  0
                      0.00      0.00      0.00      0.00      0.00
!
```

# Result in \*.out file

65	1	2	1	16	12	0.840773	-0.105816	119.199	1.4	1.1	0.359
66	1	1	1	18	12	0.867166	-0.105816	120.696	2.0	2.2	0.144
67	1	1	3	13	12	0.872609	-0.105816	120.997	0.0	0.0	0.000
68	1	5	0	2	6	1.000124	-0.105816	127.295	0.1	0.0	0.129
69	1	3	2	10	12	1.015829	-0.105816	127.984	1.1	0.0	0.665
70	1	1	2	17	12	1.027419	-0.105816	128.482	0.4	0.0	0.158
71	1	3	1	14	12	1.032087	-0.105816	128.680	0.5	0.1	0.198
72	1	0	5	4	6	1.087037	-0.105816	130.905	1.1	1.3	0.344
73	1	1	4	9	12	1.107829	-0.105816	131.699	0.0	0.0	0.001
74	1	4	1	9	12	1.107829	-0.105816	131.699	0.0	0.0	0.001
75	1	2	2	15	12	1.137859	-0.105816	132.805	0.0	0.0	0.004
76	1	0	1	20	6	1.167770	-0.105816	133.859	2.6	2.8	0.173
77	1	2	3	11	12	1.186786	-0.105816	134.506	0.2	0.2	0.020

## BRAGG R-Factors and weight fractions for Pattern # 1

=> Phase: 1  
=> Bragg R-factor: 5.10 Vol: 100.395( 0.000) Fract(%): 98.60( 0.05)  
=> Rf-factor= 3.83 ATZ: 158.170 Brindley: 1.0000

=> Phase: 2  
=> Bragg R-factor: 35.9 Vol: 367.819( 0.145) Fract(%): 1.40( 0.05)  
=> Rf-factor= 35.3 ATZ: 600.550 Brindley: 1.0000

## SYMBOLIC NAMES AND FINAL VALUES AND SIGMA OF REFINED PARAMETERS:

-> Parameter number 1 :	Scale_ph2_pat1	0.36961414E-04( +/- 0.14040444E-05)
-> Parameter number 2 :	EtaPV_ph2_pat1	-0.10581600( +/- 0.91128334E-01)
-> Parameter number 3 :	Cell_A_ph2_pat1	4.9883246( +/- 0.24863641E-04)
-> Parameter number 4 :	Cell_C_ph2_pat1	17.068441( +/- 0.15078003E-05)

No absorption correction is applied

To obtain a satisfactory quantitative phase analysis based on the Rietveld method, we should be cautioned:

- Sample should be carefully prepared: powder is homogeneous in compositions and have a sufficient number of grains with random orientations;
- Structures of phases are well known;
- Absorption correction is applied whenever the phases differ a lot in their linear absorption coefficients. The Brindley coefficients can be consulted in the **Fullprof Manual**.

# Calculation of bond length, angle and bond valence sum

```
26      !Number of refined parameters
!
! Zero    Code     Sycos    Code     Sysin    Code   Lambda      Code MORE ->Patt# 1
-0.01390  11.00  0.00000   0.00  0.00000   0.00 0.000000   0.00   0
! Background coefficients/codes for Pattern# 1
  56.185     -52.498     281.17     575.63     -805.86     -1612.2
  31.000      41.000      51.000     211.000     221.000     231.000
!-----
! Data for PHASE number: 1 ==> Current R_Bragg for Pattern# 1: 5.74
!-----
K/Ca/F/O/C
!
!Nat Dis Ang Pri Pr2 Pr3 Jbt Irf Isy Str Furth      ATZ      Nvk Npr More
  5   0   0 1.0 0.0 0.0   0   0   0   0   0   158.170   0   5   1
!
!Jvi Jdi Hel Sol Mom Ter Brind RMua RMub RMuc Jtyp Nsp_Ref
  0   3   0   0   0   0 1.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000   0   0
!
! Max_dst(dist) (angles) Bond-Valence Calc.
  3.5000  130.0000      BVS
! N_cations  N_anions      Tolerance(%) / Name or cations/ and Anions
  3           2          200.00
K+1  C+4  CA+2
C-2  F-1
!
P -6 m 2          <-Space group symbol
!Atom Typ      X      Y      Z      Biso      Occ      In Fin N_t Spc /Codes
K    K+1      0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.99419  0.08333   0   0   0   1
```

Orig. extr. p.equiv.

tx ty tz XYZ of Ligand Atom

2	3	1	(C1 )-(Ca ):	2.9450	( 0)	0	-1	0	0.33333 -0.33333 0.50000
2	3	1	(C1 )-(Ca ):	2.9450	( 0)	0	0	0	0.33333 0.66667 0.50000
2	3	1	(C1 )-(Ca ):	2.9450	( 0)	1	0	0	1.33333 0.66667 0.50000
2	4	1	(C1 )-(O1 ):	1.2840	( 14)	0	0	0	0.81200 0.18800 0.50000
2	4	2	(C1 )-(O1 ):	1.2840	( 12)	1	0	0	0.81200 0.62400 0.50000
2	4	3	(C1 )-(O1 ):	1.2840	( 14)	1	1	0	0.37600 0.18800 0.50000

Angles around atom: C1

(O1 )-(C1 )-(O1 ):	120.000	( 162)	d12= 1.284( 1)	d23= 1.284( 1)	d13= 2.224( 2)
(C1 )-(O1 )-(O1 ):	30.000	( 79)			
(C1 )-(O1 )-(O1 ):	30.000	( 85)			
(O1 ) :	0.8120	0.1880	0.5000	(O1 ) :	0.8120 0.6240 0.5000
(O1 )-(C1 )-(O1 ):	120.000	( 189)	d12= 1.284( 1)	d23= 1.284( 1)	d13= 2.224( 2)
(C1 )-(O1 )-(O1 ):	30.000	( 93)			
(C1 )-(O1 )-(O1 ):	30.000	( 93)			
(O1 ) :	0.8120	0.1880	0.5000	(O1 ) :	0.3760 0.1880 0.5000
(O1 )-(C1 )-(O1 ):	120.000	( 162)	d12= 1.284( 1)	d23= 1.284( 1)	d13= 2.224( 2)
(C1 )-(O1 )-(O1 ):	30.000	( 85)			
(C1 )-(O1 )-(O1 ):	30.000	( 79)			
(O1 ) :	0.8120	0.6240	0.5000	(O1 ) :	0.3760 0.1880 0.5000

ESDs

```
-----  
=> Bond-valence and coordination of atom: C1    occupancy: 1.000(  0)  
-----
```

```
(C1 )-(O1 ) : 1.2840( 14) 1.332(  5)  
(C1 )-(O1 ) : 1.2840( 12) 1.332(  4)  
(C1 )-(O1 ) : 1.2840( 14) 1.332(  5)
```

```
Coordination number:      3      Eff.Coor. number: 3.00  for atom: C1
```

```
Average distance : 1.2840(  8) Distortion: -0.001 xE-04
```

```
Predicted distance: 1.2836      Single bond-valence S= 1.333
```

```
          Valence: 4.000
```

```
          Sums: 3.995(  8)
```

```
Deviation from the Valence Sum Rule (r1,%dev): -0.005 0.121
```

```
(r1=Sumj(sij)-Vi, %dev=100abs(r1)/Vi)
```

```
Deviation from the Equal Valence Rule (r2): 0.000
```

```
(r2=<sij-<sij>>rms)
```

```
-----  
=> Bond-valence and coordination of atom: Ca    occupancy: 1.000(  0)  
-----
```

Bond valence sum is a good indicator of  
the structural validity. For details, see

I.D.Brown, Acta Crystallogr. B48,  
141(1992)

Forced termination when shifts<EPS\*esd

Recommended EPS=0.1

$$\alpha_i^{n+1} = \alpha_i^n + \delta_i \cdot RELAX \cdot CC$$

R\_at: Atomic parameters, including atomic coordinates and etc.

R\_an: anisotropic parameters

R\_pr: profile parameters, lattice parameters, preferred orientations and the etc;

R\_gl: global parameters, such as zero shift, backgrounds and the etc.

COMM KFCaCO3 Aug.31,2003

```
! Current global Chi2 (Bragg contrib.) =      6.114
! Files => DAT-file: kca1, PCR-file: kca1
!Job Npr Nph Nba Nex Nsc Nor Dum Iwg Ilo Ias Res Ste Nre Cry Uni Cor Opt Aut
  0   5   1   0   2   0   1   1   0   0   1   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0
!
!Ipr Ppl Ioc Mat Pcr Ls1 Ls2 Ls3 NLI Prf Ins Rpa Sym Hkl Fou Sho Ana
  1   0   1   0   1   0   0   0   0   1   0   1   0   1   2   0   0
!
! lambda1 Lambda2      Ratio      Bkpos      Wdt      Cthm      muR      AsyLim      Rpolarz ->Patt# 1
1.540560 1.544390 0.5000 00.0000 15.0000 0.8009 0.0000 80.00 0.0000
!
!NCY Eps R_at R_an R_pr R_gi Thmin Step Thmax PSD Sent0
10 0.01 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 10.0000 0.020000 135.0000 0.000 0.000
!
! Excluded regions (LowT HighT) for Pattern# 1
  0.02      9.98
  135.02    180.00
!
!
26      !Number of refined parameters
!
! Zero Code Sycos Code Sysin Code Lambda Code MORE ->Patt# 1
-0.01390 11.00 0.00000 0.00 0.00000 0.00 0.000000 0.00 0
!
! Background coefficients/codes for Pattern# 1
  56.185     -52.498     281.17     575.63     -805.86     -1612.2
  31.000      41.000      51.000     211.000     221.000     231.000
!
```

2 Excluded 2θ regions

# Suggested turn-on sequences for the parameters

1. Scale factors
2. Zero shift
3. Background
4. FWHM
5. Shape1, X, Y, ...
6. Lattice parameters (if accurate to some extent otherwise do it before refining FWHM)
7. Atomic coordinates
8. Temperature factors, occupancies
9. Preferred orientation, GauSiz, LorSiz...

# Some factors affecting refinement results

- Low instrument's resolution. RS=0.1-0.2mm
- Too low counts. Strongest counts >10000
- Too less sample. Sample should fully cover the sample holder window;
- Overflow in low angle region;
- Too less angle region  $2\theta>120^\circ$ ;
- Too large EPS that leads to false minimum;
- Improper profile function;
- Too less WDT values .

# Error messages (I)

- ‘Hole in Matrix’ : the number of parameters to be refined NPR larger than the number of codewords

For example, you set NPR= 12, while one codeword 80.5 is missing or 101.0 is mistyped as 11.0

- ‘Negative FWHM’:  $H_G^2 < 0$ , meaningless! Increasing the negative U,V, or W while set smaller Relax values in the ensuing the refinements

$$H_G^2 = U \tan^2 \theta + V \tan \theta + W + \frac{I_g}{\cos^2 \theta}$$

‘No scattering factor’ : atom identifier ‘TYP’ is not recognizable by Fullprof.

For example, Ca+2 is accepted while Ca2+ is not accepted.

- ‘Too many reflections’: For a given point, there are too many reflections contributing to the intensity that are beyond the software’s capacity. Usually this results from the false FWHM
- ‘Invalid integer’ or ‘Invalid real’: Examine the format of parameters

**Note: The software does not always give the correct lines where errors occur. Look into the nearby lines!**

# MAC MXP18A-HF

```
number      1
offst     1024
nexdt    57024
files      1
lastp ?
nextp
mdate 92.10. 9 14
gonio      1
attach     100
x_ray Cu
wavel    154050
voltg      50
currnt    200
opert
sampl CAZB01-1
comnt
mode1      1
mode2      1
mode3      3
axisif     1
start    100100
stopa    800000
speed     80000
stepw    100
*: * * * *
100200 180
100300 176
100400 170
100500 161
100600 149
100700 136
100800 130
100900 131
101000 137
101100 137
101200 136
```

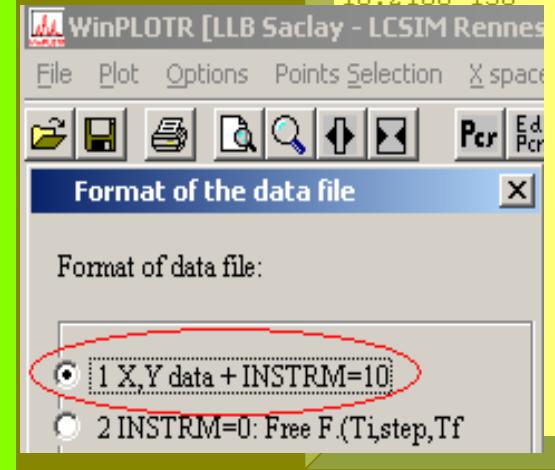


10.00 0.01 80.00 起始角度, 步长, 终止角度

10.0100 181  
10.0200 180  
10.0300 176  
10.0400 170  
10.0500 161  
10.0600 149  
10.0700 136  
10.0800 130  
10.0900 131  
10.1000 137  
10.1100 137  
10.1200 136  
10.1300 138  
10.1400 141  
10.1500 142  
10.1600 147  
10.1700 149  
10.1800 152  
10.1900 154  
10.2000 155  
10.2100 158

数据

数据



# 理学 DMAX 2000

```
*TYPE = Raw
*CLASS = Standard measurement
*SAMPLE = CA2
*COMMENT =
*FNAME =
*DATE = 2005-1-18 8:44:40

*GROUP_COUNT = 1
*GONIO = RINT2000 Wide angle goniometer, 185
*ATTACHMENT = Standard Sample Holder
*ASC = 1, 0, 1, 0
*FILTER = Not installed
*C_MONOCHRO = Automatic monochromator, 3.3539
*SLIT_NAME = 0, Divergence slit
*SLIT_NAME = 1, Scattering slit
*SLIT_NAME = 2, Receiving slit
*COUNTER = Scintillation counter, 0
*POS_FORMAT = 0
*SCAN_AXIS = 2 Theta / Theta
*MEAS_MODE = CONTINUOUS
*TARGET = 29
*XRAY_CHAR = K-ALPHA1
*WAVE_LENGTH1 = 1.540562
*WAVE_LENGTH2 =

* * *
*START = 10
*STOP = 50
*STEP = 0.02
* * *
```

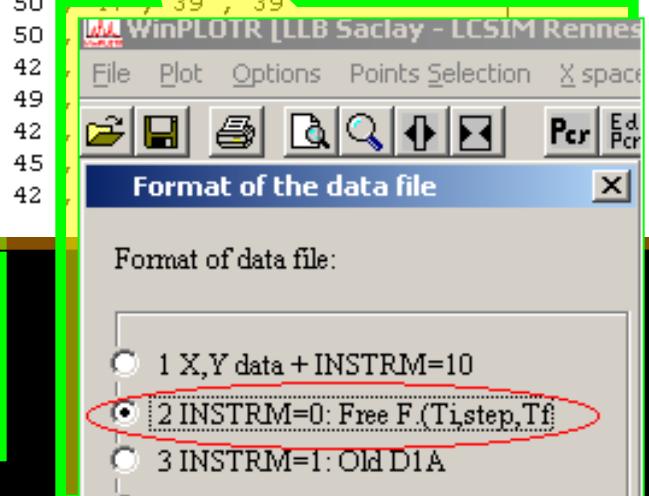
27 , 54 , 51 , 60  
41 , 45 , 51 , 45  
46 , 52 , 47 , 41  
45 , 45 , 49 , 63  
48 , 50 , 53 , 35  
54 , 37 , 44 , 55  
54 , 63 , 69 , 61

样品信息及测试条件

数据

10.00 0.02 50.00 起始角度, 步长, 终止角度  
27 , 54 , 51 , 60  
41 , 45 , 51 , 45  
46 , 52 , 47 , 41  
45 , 45 , 49 , 63  
48 , 50 , 53 , 35  
54 , 37 , 44 , 55  
54 , 63 , 69 , 61  
72 , 71 , 90 , 93  
137 , 117 , 87 , 88  
75 , 78 , 79 , 82  
98 , 110 , 120 , 131  
102 , 122 , 142 , 136  
169 , 162 , 182 , 214  
256 , 264 , 270 , 272  
332 , 503 , 551 , 703  
759 , 801 , 1025 , 1161  
1436 , 1659 , 2010 , 2090  
1924 , 1537 , 983 , 488  
212 , 124 , 81 , 58  
60 , 50 , 54 , 68  
56 , 46 , 58 , 43  
35 , 49 , 49 , 54  
53 , 44 , 53 , 35  
46 , 37 , 31 , 50  
39 , 47 , 46 , 40  
46 , 49 , 42 , 38  
50 , 39 , 39

数据



```

! 4 0.10 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00    10.0000   0.025000  160.0000   0.000   0.000
!
! Excluded regions (LowT HighT) for Pattern# 1
    0.00      10.00
  154.00     180.00
!
!
! 1 !Number of refined parameters
!
! Zero Code SyCos Code SySin Code Lambda Code MORE ->Patt# 1
0.00 21.00 0.00000 0.00 0.00000 0.00 0.000000 0.00 0
!
! Background coefficients/codes for Pattern# 1
00.00 0.000 0.000 0.000 00.00 0.000
 31.000 41.000 51.000 61.000 71.000 81.000
!
!Nat Dis Ang Pr1 Pr2 Pr3 Jbt Irf Isy Str Furth      ATZ      Nvk Npr More
 5 0 0 0.0 0.0 1.0 0 0 0 0 1213.030 0 5 0
!
P n m a           <-Space group symbol
!Atom Typ      X      Y      Z      Biso      Occ      In Fin N_t Spc /Codes
Pb  PB      0.19007  0.25000  0.17000  1.00000  0.50000  0 0 0 0 #conn S 0 0 2
      171.00  0.00  181.00  281.00  0.00
S  S      0.06000  0.25000  0.70000  1.00000  0.50000  0 0 0 0
      191.00  0.00  201.00  291.00  0.00
O1  O      0.90000  0.25000  0.60000  0.50000  0.50000  0 0 0 0
      211.00  0.00  221.00  301.00  0.00
O2  O      0.20000  0.25000  0.50000  0.50000  0.50000  0 0 0 0
      231.00  0.00  241.00  311.00  0.00
O3  O      0.08000  0.03000  0.80000  0.50000  1.00000  0 0 0 0
      251.00  261.00  271.00  321.00  0.00
!
!--> Profile Parameters for Pattern # 1
! Scale      Shape1      Bov      Str1      Str2      Str3      Strain-Model
0.500000-02  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0
  11.00000  0.000  0.000  0.000  0.000  0.000
!
!      U      V      W      X      Y      GauSiz      LorSiz Size-Model

```

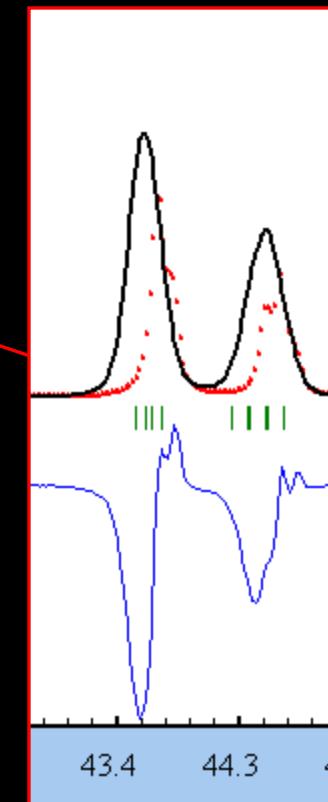
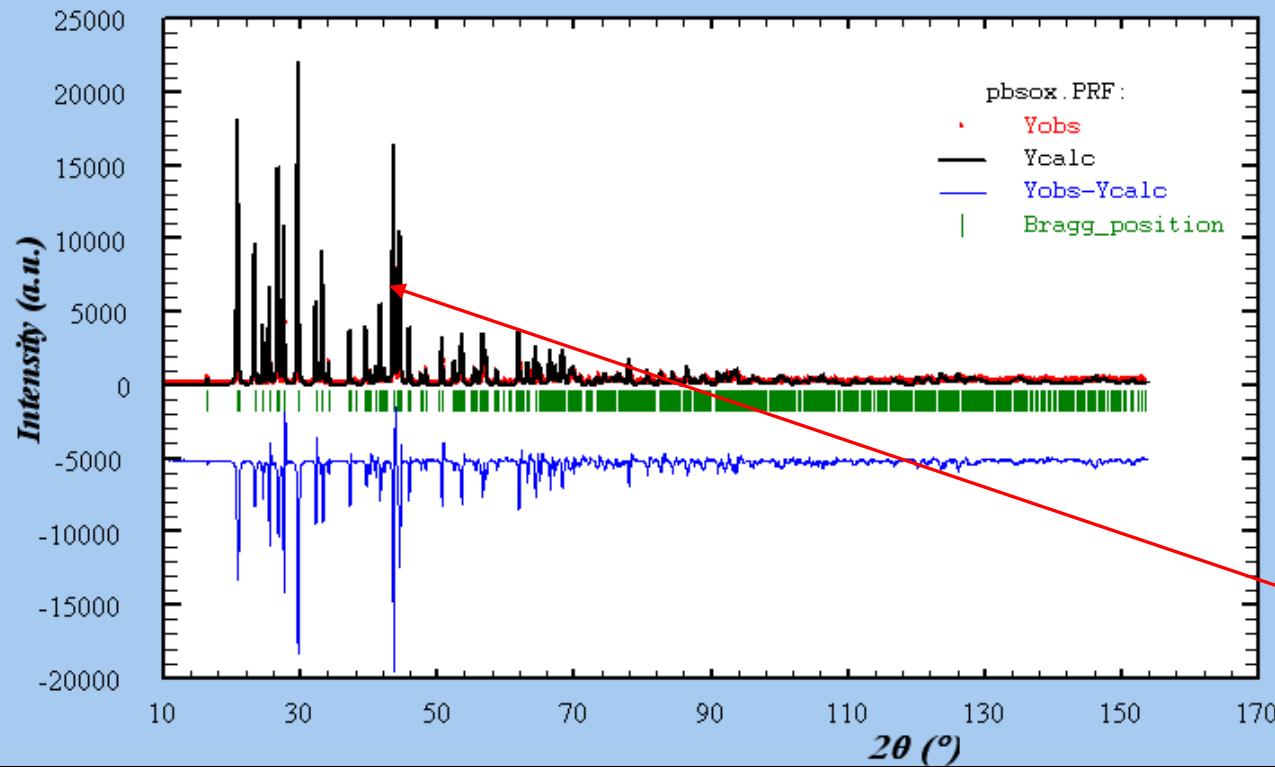
Refine  
scale  
factor S

File Plot Options Points Selection X space Calculations Rietveld plot options Text External applications Tool

Help



## PbSO<sub>4</sub> XrayDif (Rietveld Refinement Round Robin, R.J. Hill, JApC 2)



R<sub>wp</sub>=962 → 138, S=0.5E-2 → 0.64E-3

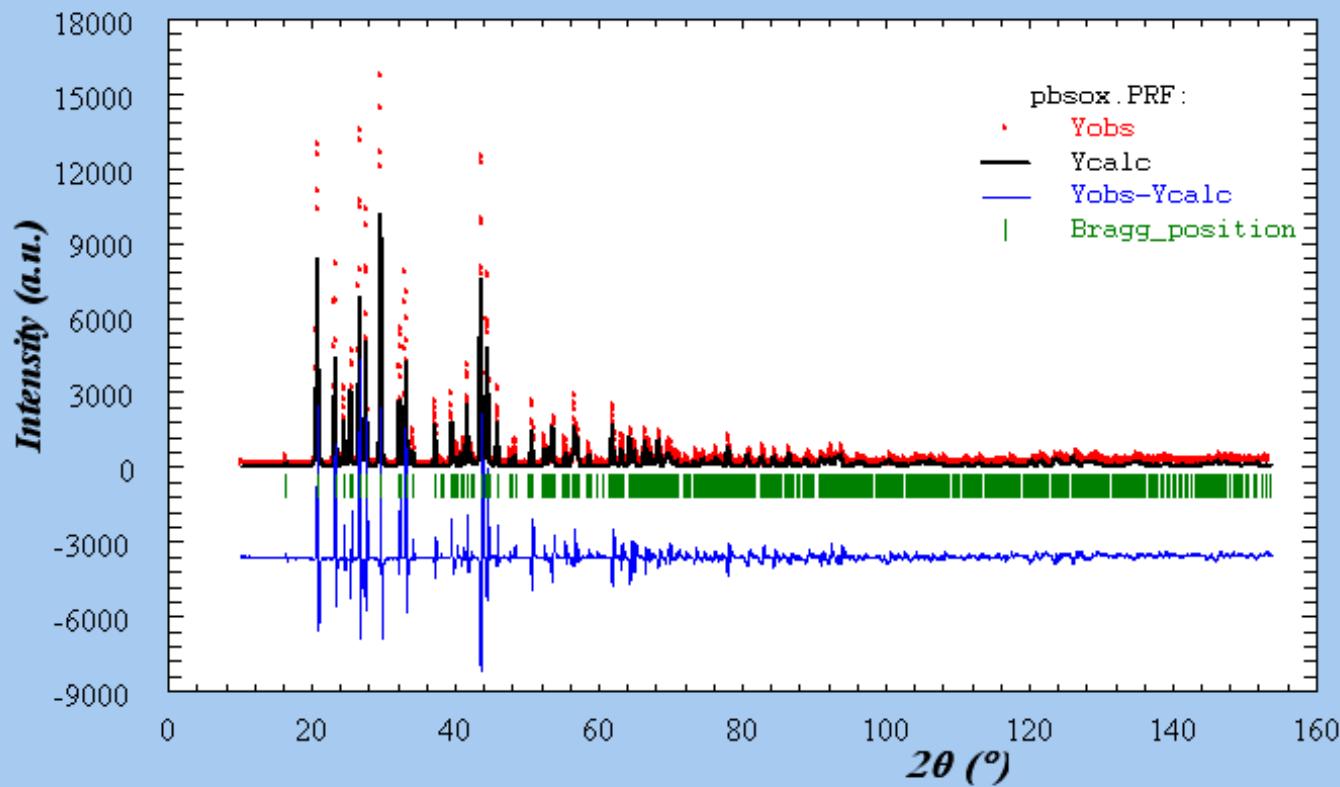
```

! 2 !Number of refined parameters
!
! Zero    Code   SyCos   Code   SySin   Code   Lambda      Code MORE ->Patt# 1
! 0.00 21.00 0.00000  0.00 0.00000  0.00 0.00000  0.00 0
! Background coefficients/codes for Pattern# 1
! 00.00      0.000      0.000      0.000      00.00      0.000
!          31.000     41.000     51.000     61.000     71.000     81.000
!-----
! Data for PHASE number: 1 ==> Current R_Bragg for Pattern# 1: 4.48
!-----
PbSO4
!
!Nat Dis Ang Pr1 Pr2 Pr3 Jbt Irf Isy Str Furth      ATZ      Nvk Npr More
 5 0 0 0.0 0.0 1.0 0 0 0 0 0 1213.030 0 5 0
!
P n m a           <-Space group symbol
!Atom Typ      X      Y      Z      Biso      Occ      In Fin N_t Spc /Codes
Pb   PB      0.19007  0.25000  0.17000  1.00000  0.50000  0 0 0 0 #conn S O O 2
      171.00     0.00     181.00    281.00     0.00
S    S      0.06000  0.25000  0.70000  1.00000  0.50000  0 0 0 0
      191.00     0.00     201.00    291.00     0.00
O1   O      0.90000  0.25000  0.60000  0.50000  0.50000  0 0 0 0
      211.00     0.00     221.00    301.00     0.00
O2   O      0.20000  0.25000  0.50000  0.50000  0.50000  0 0 0 0
      231.00     0.00     241.00    311.00     0.00
O3   O      0.08000  0.03000  0.80000  0.50000  1.00000  0 0 0 0
      251.00     261.00    271.00    321.00     0.00
!-----> Profile Parameters for Pattern # 1
! Scale      Shape1      Bov      Str1      Str2      Str3      Strain-Model
! 0.50000E-12  0.50000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0
! 11.00000     0.000     0.000     0.000     0.000     0.000
! U          V          W          X          Y          GauSiz  LorSiz Size-Model
! 0.050004 -0.040000  0.050000  0.000000  0.000000  0.000000  0.000000  0

```

Refine zero point along with S

## PbSO<sub>4</sub> XrayDif (Rietveld Refinement Round Robin, R.J. Hill, JApC 2



Rwp=62.8 ZP≈0.05

154.00 180.00

! 8 !Number of refined parameters

! Zero Code SyCos Code SySin Code Lambda Code MORE ->Patt# 1  
0.05101 21.00 0.00000 0.00 0.00000 0.00 0.000000 0.00 0  
! Background coefficients/codes for Pattern# 1  
0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000  
31.000 41.000 51.000 61.000 71.000 81.000

! Data for PHASE number: 1 ==> Current R\_Bragg for Pattern# 1: 37.36

PbSO4

!Nat Dis Ang Pr1 Pr2 Pr3 Jbt Irf Isy Str Furth ATZ Nvk Npr More  
5 0 0 0.0 0.0 1.0 0 0 0 0 1213.030 0 5 0

P n m a <-Space group symbol

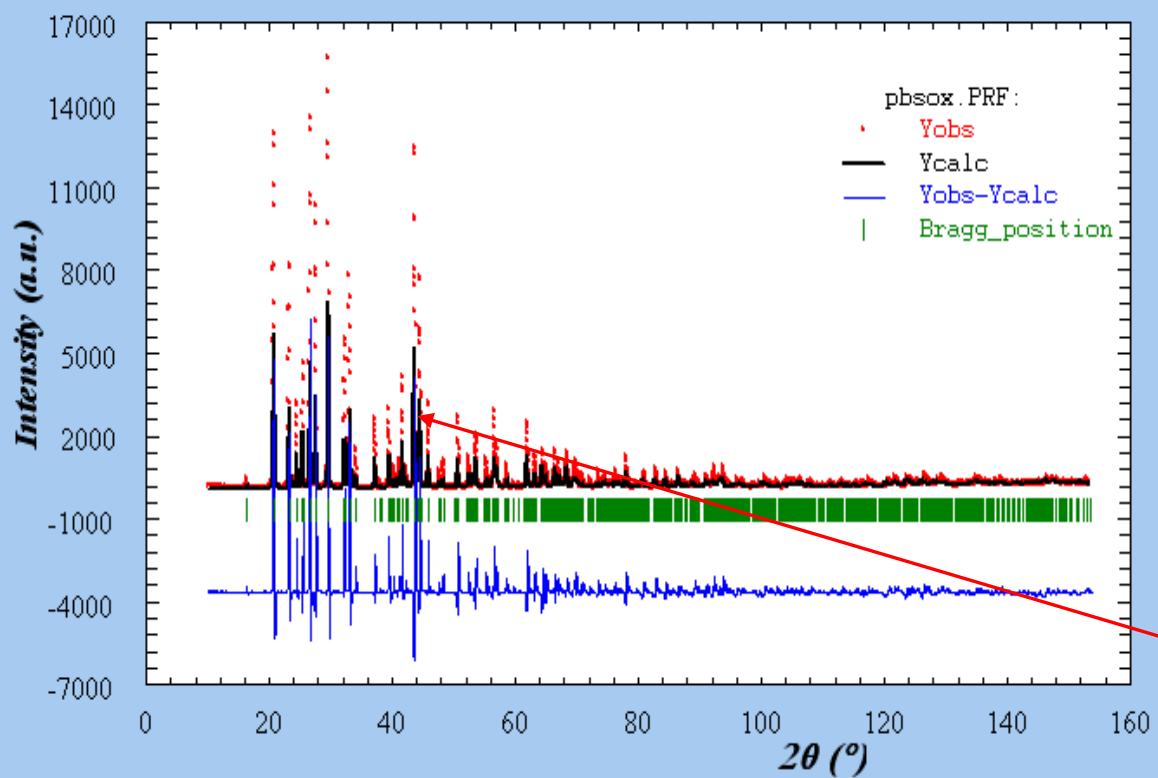
Atom	Typ	X	Y	Z	Biso	Occ	In	Fin	N_t	Spc	/Codes
Pb	PB	0.19007	0.25000	0.17000	1.00000	0.50000	0	0	0	0	#conn S 0 0 2
		171.00	0.00	181.00	281.00	0.00					
S	S	0.06000	0.25000	0.70000	1.00000	0.50000	0	0	0	0	
		191.00	0.00	201.00	291.00	0.00					
O1	O	0.90000	0.25000	0.60000	0.50000	0.50000	0	0	0	0	
		211.00	0.00	221.00	301.00	0.00					
O2	O	0.20000	0.25000	0.50000	0.50000	0.50000	0	0	0	0	
		231.00	0.00	241.00	311.00	0.00					
O3	O	0.08000	0.03000	0.80000	0.50000	1.00000	0	0	0	0	
		251.00	261.00	271.00	321.00	0.00					

!-----> Profile Parameters for Pattern # 1

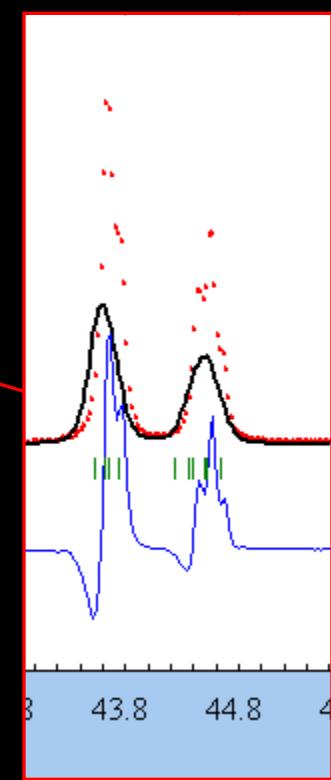
Scale	Shape1	Bov	Str1	Str2	Str3	Strain-Model
0.41623E-03	0.50000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0

Refine background along with S and ZP

## PbSO<sub>4</sub> XrayDif (Rietveld Refinement Round Robin, R.J. Hill, JApC 2



Rwp=32.9%



```

11 !Number of refined parameters
!
! Zero Code SyCos Code SySin Code Lambda Code MORE ->Patt# 1
0.05449 21.00 0.00000 0.00 0.00000 0.00 0.000000 0.00 0
! Background coefficients/codes for Pattern# 1
!
!Nat Dis Ang Pr1 Pr2 Pr3 Jbt Irf Isy Str Furth ATZ Nvk Npr More
5 0 0 0.0 0.0 1.0 0 0 0 0 0 1213.030 0 5 0
!
P n m a <--Space group symbol
!Atom Typ X Y Z Biso Occ In Fin N_t Spc /Codes
Pb PB 0.19007 0.25000 0.17000 1.00000 0.50000 0 0 0 0 #conn S 0 0 2
171.00 0.00 181.00 281.00 0.00
S S 0.06000 0.25000 0.70000 1.00000 0.50000 0 0 0 0
191.00 0.00 201.00 291.00 0.00
O1 O 0.90000 0.25000 0.60000 0.50000 0.50000 0 0 0 0
211.00 0.00 221.00 301.00 0.00
O2 O 0.20000 0.25000 0.50000 0.50000 0.50000 0 0 0 0
231.00 0.00 241.00 311.00 0.00
O3 O 0.08000 0.03000 0.80000 0.50000 1.00000 0 0 0 0
251.00 261.00 271.00 321.00 0.00
!-----> Profile Parameters for Pattern # 1
! Scale Shape1 Bov Str1 Str2 Str3 Strain-Model
0.28895E-03 0.50000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0
11.00000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
! U V W X Y GauSiz LorSiz Size-Model
0.050004 -0.040000 0.050000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0
121.000 131.000 141.000 151.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
! a b c alpha beta gamma #Cell Info
8.500000 5.400000 7.000000 90.000000 90.000000 90.000000 # box -0.25 1.25 -0.1
91.000000 101.000000 111.000000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
! PreI TiltI Lay1 Lay2 Asy1 Asy2 Asy3 Asy4
0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00004 0.00000
0.00 0.00 161.00 331.00 341.00 0.00

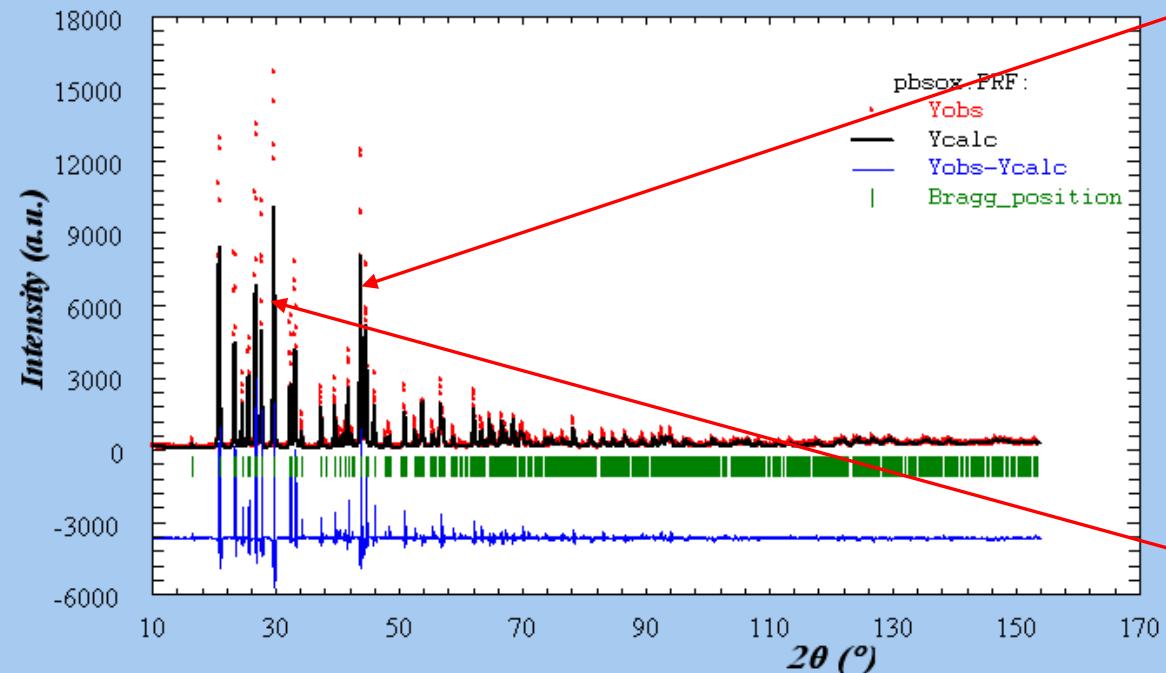
```

Refine lattice parameters along with others

File Plot Options Points Selection X space Calculations Rietveld plot options Text External applications  
Tools Help



### PbSO4 XrayDif (Rietveld Refinement Round Robin, R.J. Hill, JApC 2)

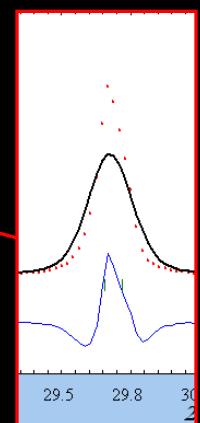
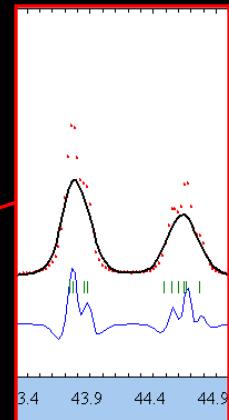


10-31-2005 10:07

X = 163.98274

Y = 1127.8

Rwp=28.9%



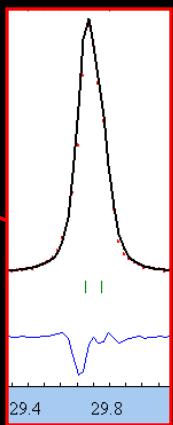
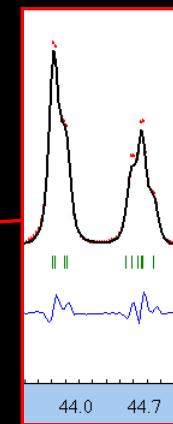
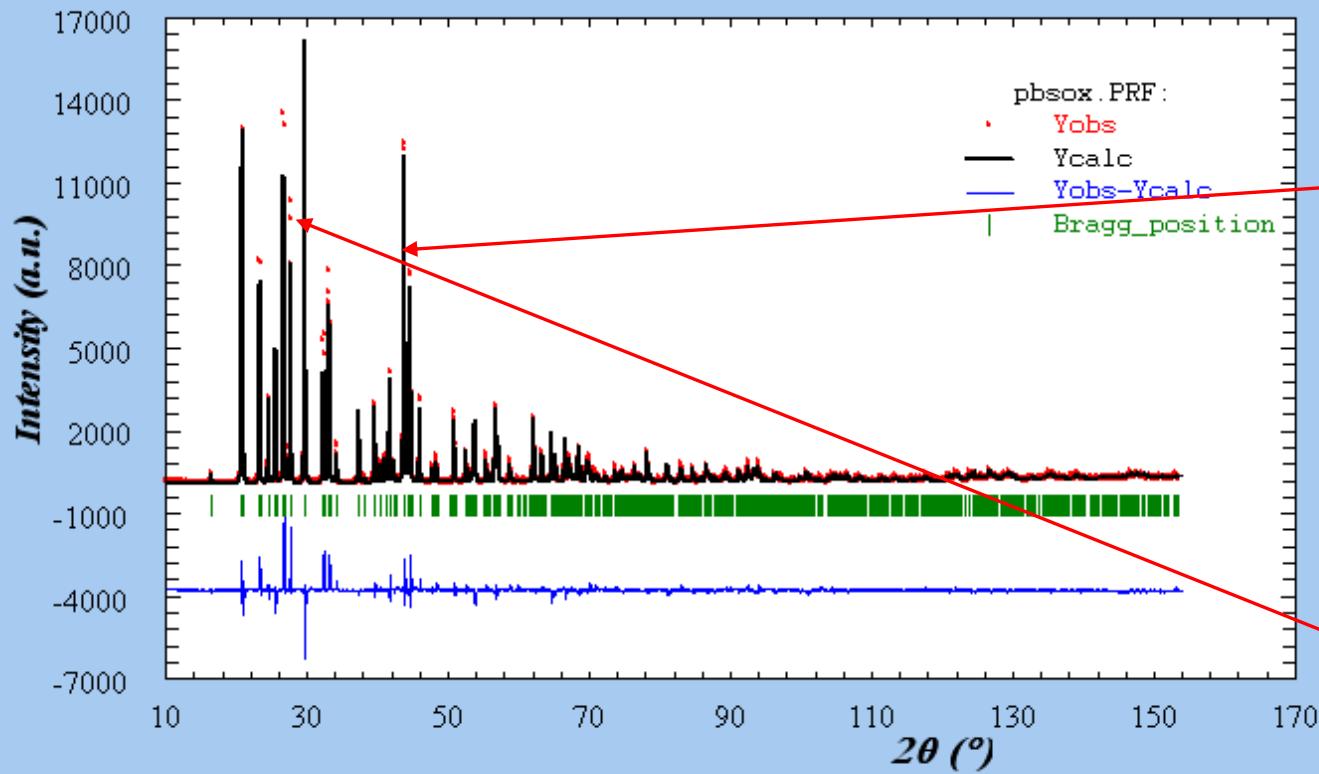
```

31.000    41.000    51.000    61.000    71.000    81.000
!-----
! Data for PHASE number: 1 ==> Current R_Bragg for Pattern# 1: 12.75
!-----
PbSO4
!
!Nat Dis Ang Pr1 Pr2 Pr3 Jbt Irf Isy Str Furth      ATZ      Nvk Npr More
 5   0   0 0.0 0.0 1.0   0   0   0   0   0   1213.030   0   5   0
!
P n m a          <-Space group symbol
!Atom Typ      X       Y       Z       Biso      Occ      In Fin N_t Spc /Codes
Pb   PB      0.19007  0.25000  0.17000  1.00000  0.50000  0   0   0   0 #conn S O O 2
           171.00    0.00    181.00   281.00    0.00
S     S      0.06000  0.25000  0.70000  1.00000  0.50000  0   0   0   0
           191.00    0.00    201.00   291.00    0.00
O1   O      0.90000  0.25000  0.60000  0.50000  0.50000  0   0   0   0
           211.00    0.00    221.00   301.00    0.00
O2   O      0.20000  0.25000  0.50000  0.50000  0.50000  0   0   0   0
           231.00    0.00    241.00   311.00    0.00
O3   O      0.08000  0.03000  0.80000  0.50000  1.00000  0   0   0   0
           251.00   261.00   271.00   321.00    0.00
!-----> Profile Parameters for Pattern # 1
! Scale      Shanel      Bov      Str1      Str2      Str3      Strain-Model
0.42822E-03  0.50000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0
 11.00000  161.000  0.000  0.000  0.000  0.000
!
! U       V       W       X       Y       GauSiz      LorSiz Size-Model
-0.050004 -0.040000  0.050000  0.000000  0.000000  0.000000  0.000000  0
121.000  131.000  141.000  151.000  0.000  0.000  0.000
!
! a       b       c       alpha     beta     gamma      #Cell Info
8.479415  5.396831  6.958598  90.000000  90.000000  90.000000  # box -0.25 1.25 -0.15 1.15 -0.15
91.00000 101.00000 111.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
!
! Pref1    Pref2    Asy1    Asy2    Asy3    Asy4
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00004  0.00000
 0.00    0.00    .00  331.00  341.00    0.00

```

Refine peak profile along with other parameters

## PbSO4 XrayDif (Rietveld Refinement Round Robin, R.J. Hill, JApC 2



Rwp=18.9%

```

!-- Data for PHASE number: 1 ==> Current R_Bragg for Pattern# 1: 11.58
!-----  

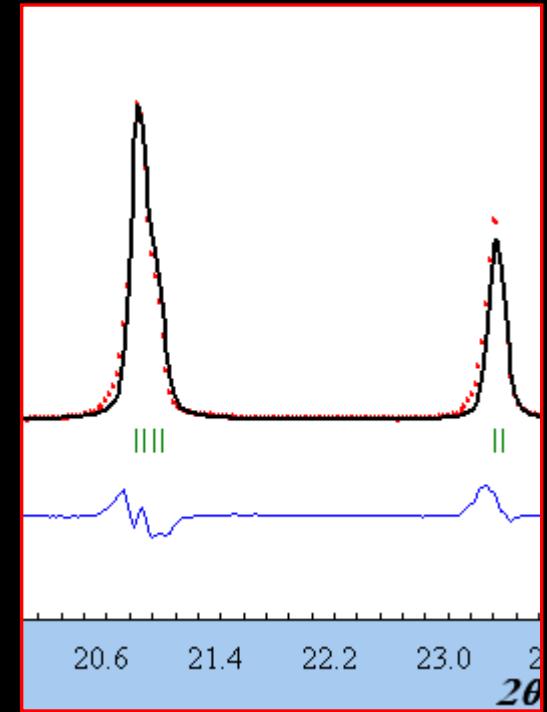
PbSO4  

!  

!Nat Dis Ang Pr1 Pr2 Pr3 Jbt Irf Isy Str Furth      ATZ      Nvk Npr More
 5   0   0 0.0 0.0 1.0   0   0   0   0   0   1213.030   0   5   0
!  

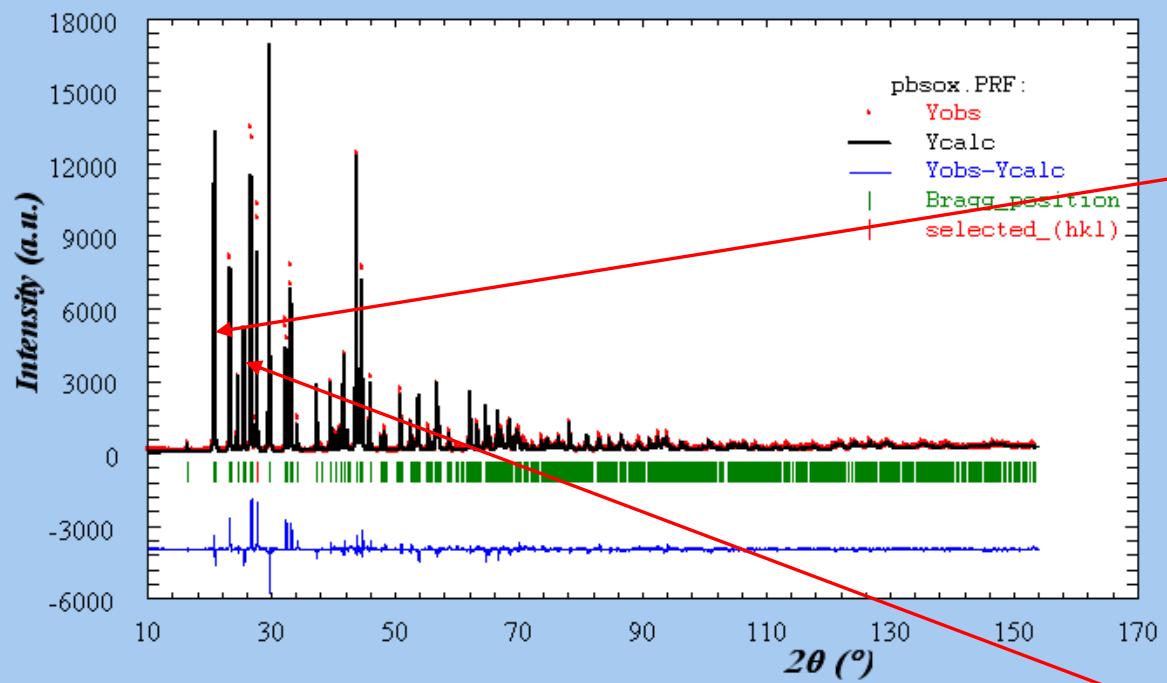
P n m a          <-Space group symbol
!Atom Typ      X      Y      Z      Biso      Occ      In Fin N_t Spc /Codes
Pb   PB      0.19007  0.25000  0.17000  1.00000  0.50000  0   0   0   0 #conn S 0 0 2
      .00      0.00      .00      281.00      0.00
S    S      0.06000  0.25000  0.70000  1.00000  0.50000  0   0   0   0
      191.00      0.00      201.00      291.00      0.00
O1   O      0.90000  0.25000  0.60000  0.50000  0.50000  0   0   0   0
      211.00      0.00      221.00      301.00      0.00
O2   O      0.20000  0.25000  0.50000  0.50000  0.50000  0   0   0   0
      231.00      0.00      241.00      311.00      0.00
O3   O      0.08000  0.03000  0.80000  0.50000  1.00000  0   0   0   0
      251.00     261.00     271.00     321.00      0.00
!-----> Profile Parameters for Pattern # 1
! Scale      Shape1      Bov      Str1      Str2      Str3      Strain-Model
 0.45011E-03  0.45326  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0
      11.00000  161.000  0.000  0.000  0.000  0.000
!           U      V      W      X      Y      GauSiz      LorSiz Size-Model
 0.028650 -0.019695  0.015045  0.006195  0.000000  0.000000  0.000000  0
      121.000  131.000  141.000  151.000  0.000  0.000  0.000
!           a      b      c      alpha      beta      gamma      #Cell Info
 8.479496  5.397915  6.959387  90.000000  90.000000  90.000000  # box -0.25 1.25 -0.15 1.15
 91.00000 101.00000 111.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
! Pref1      Pref2      Asy1      Asy2      Asy3      Asy4
 0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00004  0.00000
      0.00      0.00     171.00     181.00     341.00      0.00

```

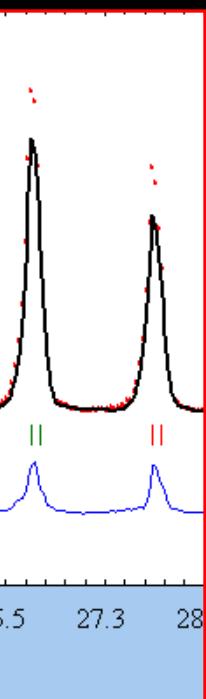
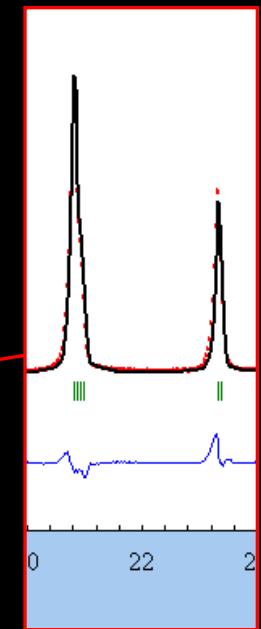


# Refine asymmetry

### PbSO<sub>4</sub> XrayDif (Rietveld Refinement Round Robin, R.J. Hill, JApC 2



Rwp=16.8%

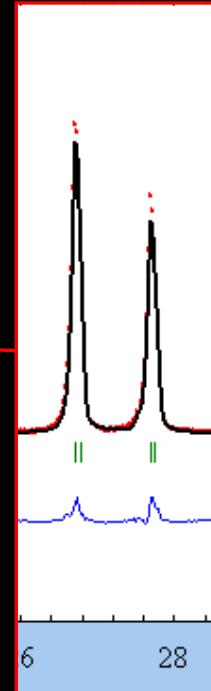
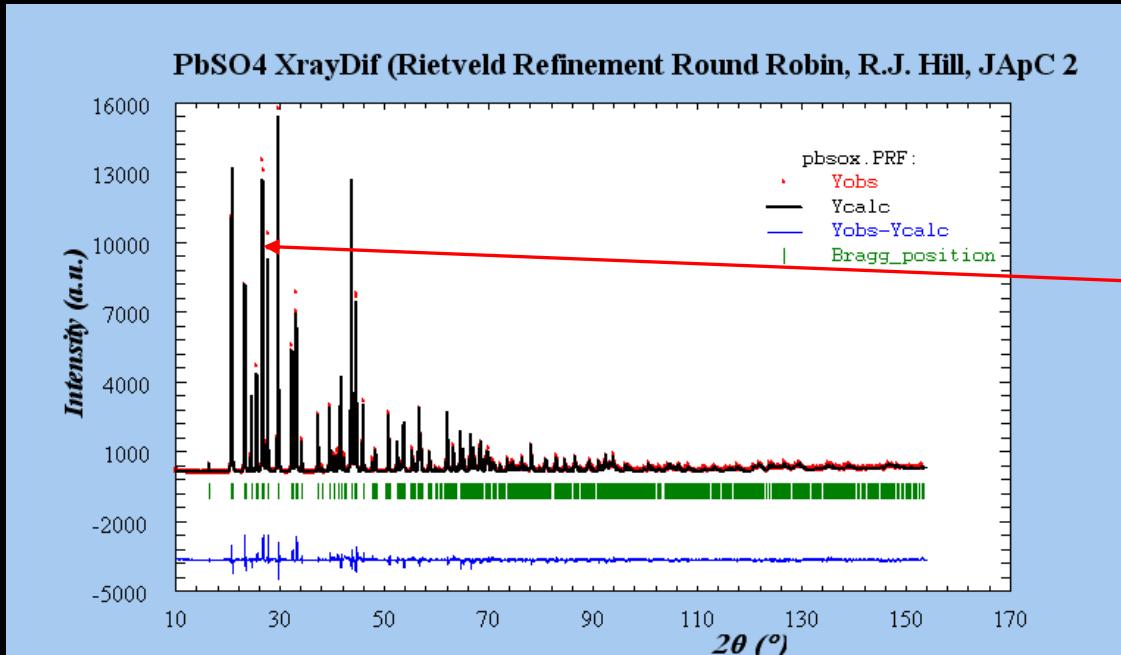


```

! Data for PHASE number: 1 ==> Current R_Bragg for Pattern# 1: 10.09
!-----
!PbSO4
!
!Nat Dis Ang Pr1 Pr2 Pr3 Jbt Irf Isy Str Furth      ATZ      Nvk Npr More
 5   0   0 0.0 0.0 1.0   0   0   0   0   0   1213.030   0   5   0
!
P n m a          <-Space group symbol
!Atom Typ       X       Y       Z       Biso      Occ      In Fin N_t Spc /Codes
Pb   PB       0.19007  0.25000  0.17000  1.00000  0.50000   0   0   0   0   #conn S
           191.00    0.00    201.00    .00        0.00
S   S       0.06000  0.25000  0.70000  1.00000  0.50000   0   0   0   0
           211.00    0.00    221.00    .00        0.00
O1   O       0.90000  0.25000  0.60000  0.50000  0.50000   0   0   0   0
           231.00    0.00    241.00    301.00    0.00
O2   O       0.20000  0.25000  0.50000  0.50000  0.50000   0   0   0   0
           251.00    0.00    261.00    311.00    0.00
O3   O       0.08000  0.03000  0.80000  0.50000  1.00000   0   0   0   0
           271.00    281.00    291.00    321.00    0.00
!-----> Profile Parameters for Pattern # 1
! Scale      Shape1      Bov      Str1      Str2      Str3      Strain-Model
0.45233E-03  0.52290  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000   0
           11.00000  161.000  0.000    0.000    0.000    0.000
!           U           V           W           X           Y           GauSiz   LorSiz Size-Mo
0.033391 -0.024290  0.015176  0.005196  0.000000  0.000000  0.000000  0.000000  0
           121.000  131.000  141.000  151.000  0.000    0.000    0.000    0.000
!           a           b           c           alpha        beta        gamma #Cell Info
8.480345  5.398562  6.960075  90.000000  90.000000  90.000000  # box -0.25 1.2
91.00000 101.00000 111.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
! Pref1      Pref2      Asy1      Asy2      Asy3      Asy4
0.00000  0.00000  0.10018  0.03280  0.00004  0.00000
           0.00    0.00    171.00    181.00    341.00    0.00

```

Refine atomic coordinates: first two atoms Pb and S  
the number of parameters to be refined:22



Rwp=14.0%

Further refine atomic  
coordinates of 3 O atoms

Rwp=13.1%

```

!-----  

! Data for PHASE number: 1 ==> Current R_Bragg for Pattern# 1: 5.47  

!-----  

PbSO4  

!  

!Nat Dis Ang Pr1 Pr2 Pr3 Jbt Irf Isy Str Furth      ATZ      Nvk Npr More  

  5   0   0 0.0 0.0 1.0   0   0   0   0   0   1213.030   0   5   0  

!  

P n m a          <-Space group symbol  

!Atom Typ       X       Y       Z       Biso      Occ      In Fin N_t Spc /Codes  

Pb    PB       0.18781  0.25000  0.16785  1.00000  0.50000  0   0   0   0   #conn S O O 2  

        191.00     0.00    201.00    301.00      0.00  

S    S       0.06367  0.25000  0.68481  1.00000  0.50000  0   0   0   0  

        211.00     0.00    221.00    311.00      0.00  

O1   O       0.90915  0.25000  0.59335  0.50000  0.50000  0   0   0   0  

        231.00     0.00    241.00    321.00      0.00  

O2   O       0.18283  0.25000  0.54607  0.50000  0.50000  0   0   0   0  

        251.00     0.00    261.00    331.00      0.00  

O3   O       0.07877  0.02578  0.81207  0.50000  1.00000  0   0   0   0  

        271.00    281.00    291.00    341.00      0.00  

!-----> Profile Parameters for Pattern # 1  

! Scale      Shape1      Bov      Str1      Str2      Str3      Strain-Model  

0.46029E-03  0.52512  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0  

        11.00000  161.000  0.000  0.000  0.000  0.000  

! U         V         W         X         Y         GauSiz      LorSiz Size-Model  

0.030082 -0.021319  0.014511  0.005234  0.000000  0.000000  0.000000  0  

        121.000  131.000  141.000  151.000  0.000  0.000  0.000  

! a         b         c         alpha     beta     gamma      #Cell Info  

8.480288  5.398581  6.959938  90.000000  90.000000  90.000000  # box -0.25 1.25 -0.15 1.15  

91.000000 101.00000 111.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  

! Pref1     Pref2     Asy1     Asy2     Asy3     Asy4  

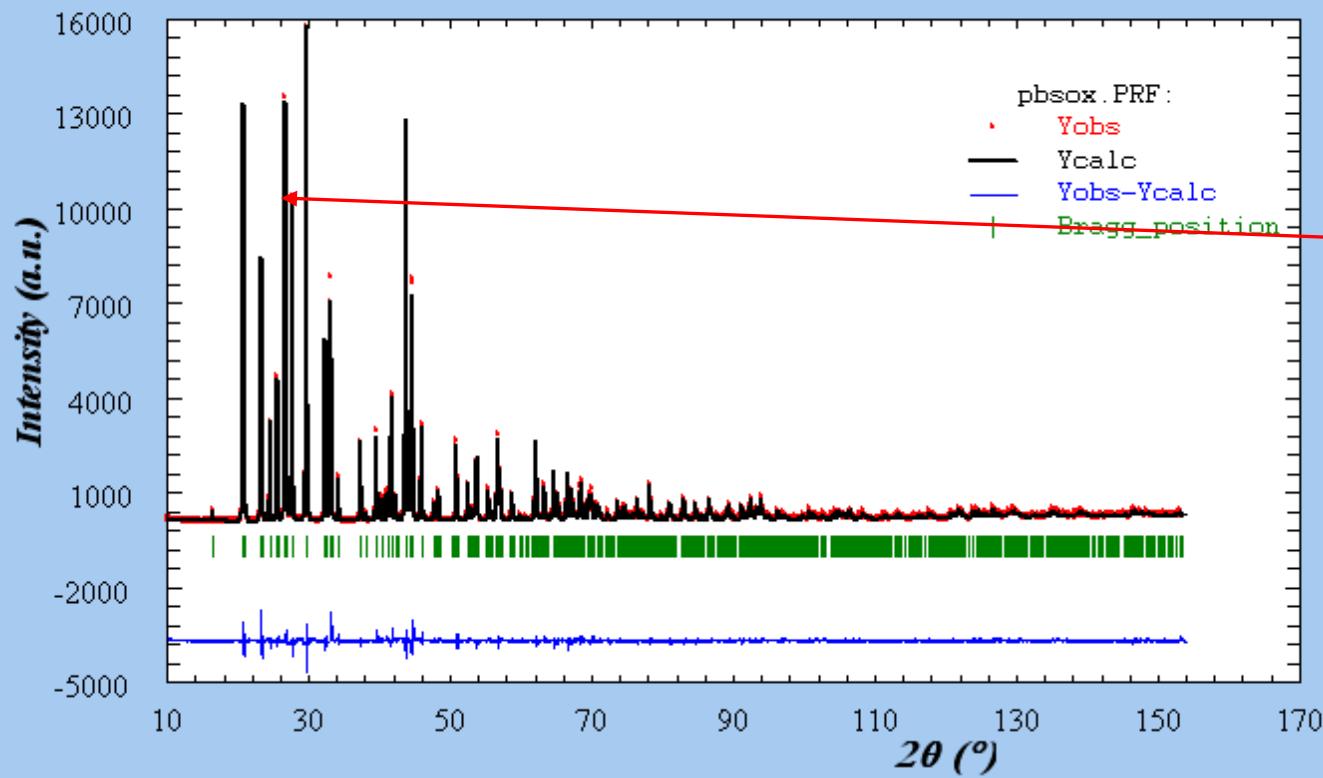
0.00000  0.00000  0.09212  0.03140  0.00004  0.00000  

        0.00  0.00  171.00  181.00  0.00  0.00

```

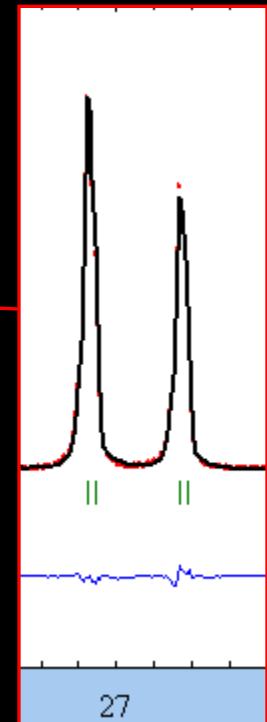
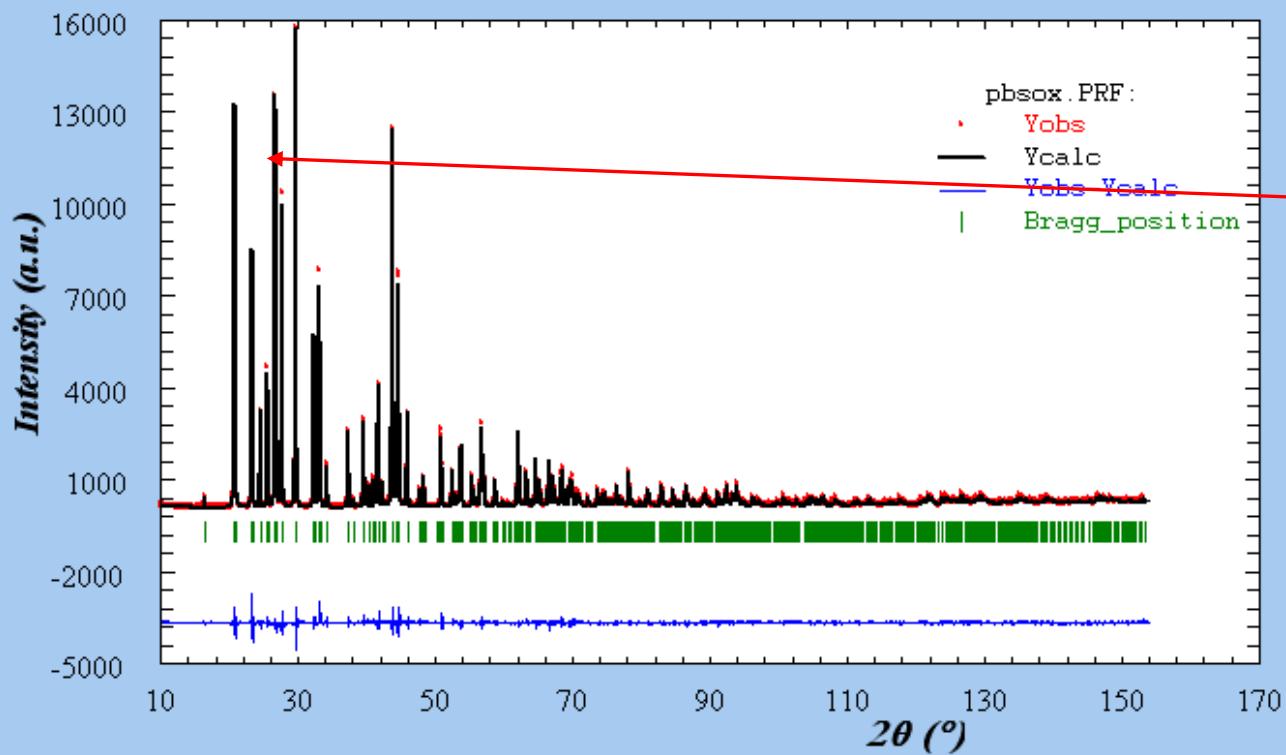
Refine temperature factors along other parameters

## PbSO<sub>4</sub> XrayDif (Rietveld Refinement Round Robin, R.J. Hill, JApC 2



Rwp=12.5%

## PbSO<sub>4</sub> XrayDif (Rietveld Refinement Round Robin, R.J. Hill, JApC 2



$R_p = 8.92\%$ ,  $R_{wp} = 10.8\%$ ,  $R_{exp} = 6.57\%$

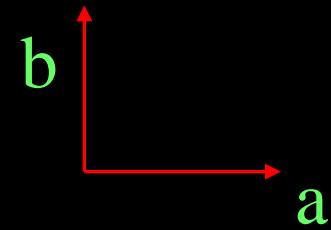
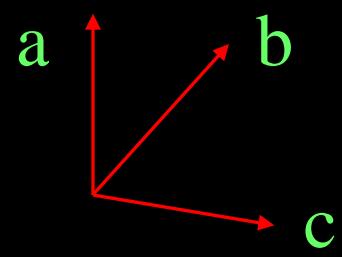
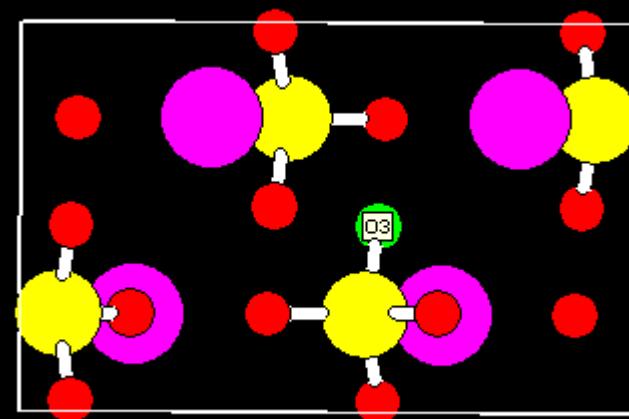
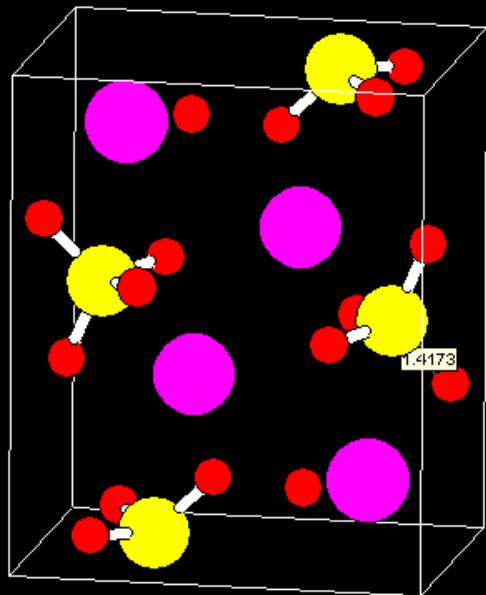
```

! Excluded regions (LowT  HighT) for Pattern# 1
    0.00      10.00
   154.00     180.00
!
!
38    !Number of refined parameters
!
! Zero    Code    SyCos    Code    SySin    Code    Lambda    Code MORE ->Patt# 1
-0.02668  21.00  0.00000   0.00  0.00000   0.00 0.000000  0.00   0
! Background coefficients/codes for Pattern# 1
  129.00    40.163   -144.54    40.135    221.74   -118.53
   31.000    41.000    51.000    61.000    71.000    81.000
!-----
! Data for PHASE number:  1 ==> Current R_Bragg for Pattern# 1:  3.72
!-----
PbSO4
!
!Nat Dis Ang Pr1 Pr2 Pr3 Jbt Irf Isy Str Furth          ATZ      Nvk Npr More
  5   0   0 1.0 0.0 2.0   0   0   0   0   1213.030   0   5   1
!
!Jvi Jdi Hel Sol Mom Ter Brind RMua   RMub   RMuc   Jtyp   Nsp_Ref Ph_Shift
  0   3   0   0   0   0 1.0000  0.0000  0.0000  0.0000   0   0   0
!
! Max_dst(dist) (angles) Bond-Valence Calc.
  4.5000    0.0000    BVS
! N_cations  N_anions   Tolerance(%) / Name or cations/ and Anions
  2           3           300.00
Pb+2 S+6
O-2 O-2 O-2
!
P n m a          <--Space group symbol
!Atom Typ        X         Y         Z       Biso      Occ      In Fin N_t Spc /Codes
Pb    Pb        0.18785  0.25000  0.16742  1.59384  0.50000   0   0   0   1 #conn S O O 2
                           191.00    0.00   201.00   301.00      0.00

```

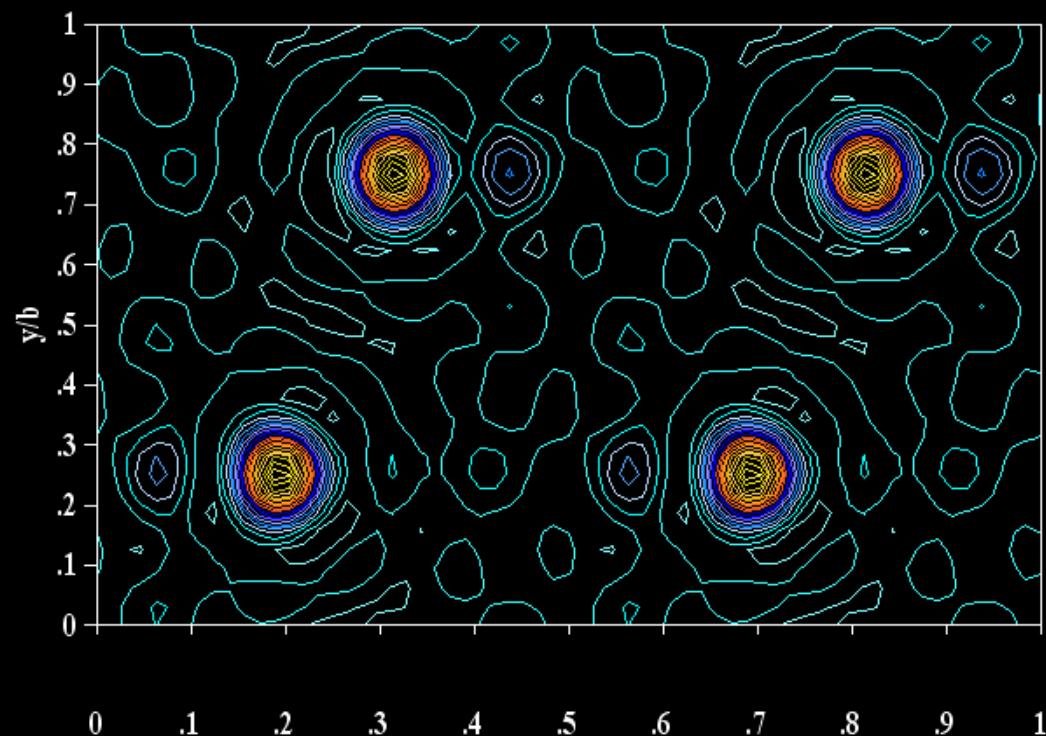
Calculate the bond lengths and bond valences

And the results are stored in \*.dis



PbSO<sub>4</sub>

pbs04 xraydif (rietveld refinement round robin, r.j. hill, jape 2



Set  
Fou=4  
in your  
Pcr file

Fourier synthesis

## Compare with the Rietveld Refinement Round Robin

$R_p = 7.3\% - 16.6\%$

5.82% 8.91%

$R_{wp} = 8.2 - 20.0\%$

7.83% 10.8%

$R_{exp} = 1.5\% - 7.0\%$

4.83% 6.71%

$GodF = 1.3 - 7.4$

1.6 1.6

Total 23 respondents

Background  
excluded

## Compare with the Rietveld Refinement Round Robin

	Range	mean	single crystal	this work
a(Å)	8.4764-8.4859	8.4804(4)	8.482(2)	8.4818(1)
b(Å)	5.3962-5.4024	5.3989(3)	5.398(2)	5.3997(1)
c(Å)	6.9568-6.9650	6.9605(4)	6.959(2)	6.9614(1)

R.J.Hill, J. Appl.Cryst. 25, 589(1992)

## Compare with the Rietveld Refinement Round Robin

	Range	mean	single crystal	this work
Pb x	0.1875-0.1883	0.18783(4)	0.1879(1)	<b>0.18785(7)</b>
	z	0.1669-0.1683	0.16752(9)	0.16742(10)
S x	0.0621-0.0673	0.0642(2)	0.0633(6)	<b>0.0638(4)</b>
	z	0.6799-0.6860	0.6838(4)	<b>0.6834(6)</b>
O1x	0.902-0.924	0.9083(13)	0.908(2)	<b>0.9069(11)</b>
	z	0.585-0.601	0.5945(7)	<b>0.5929(14)</b>

## Compare with the Rietveld Refinement Round Robin

	Range	mean	single crystal	this work
O2 x	0.177-0.200	0.1850(11)	0.194(2)	0.1894(11)
	z	0.5398(13)	0.543(2)	0.5423(14)
O3	x	0.0778(5)	0.082(1)	0.0789(6)
	y	0.026(13)	0.026(2)	0.0214(9)
z	0.806-0.819	0.8139(7)	0.809(2)	0.8130(9)

## Compare with the Rietveld Refinement Round Robin

	Range	mean	single crystal	this work
B Pb( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	0.90-2.39	1.42(11)	1.48	1.59(2)
S ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	0.29-1.37	0.98(8)	0.74	1.21(8)
O1( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	0.50-4.2	1.24(10)	1.87	1.32(21)
O2( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	0.1-5.8	1.31(13)	1.76	2.02(21)
O3( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	0.8-4.6	1.27(11)	1.34	1.05(13)

Output file: Data.dis

## Bond length, Angel, Bond Valence

( Pb )-( O1 ): 2.595(8)

( Pb )-( O2 ): 3.022(4)

( Pb )-( O3 ): 2.909(6)

Pb : 2.273(9)

S: 5.714(63)

O1: 1.994(35)

O2: 2.143(45)

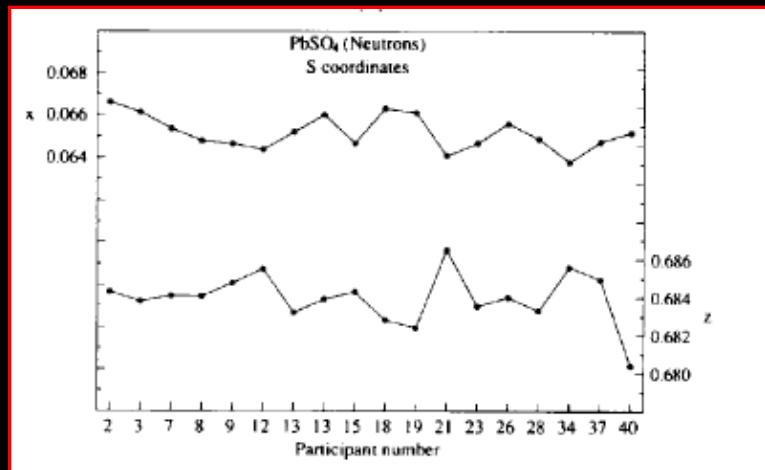
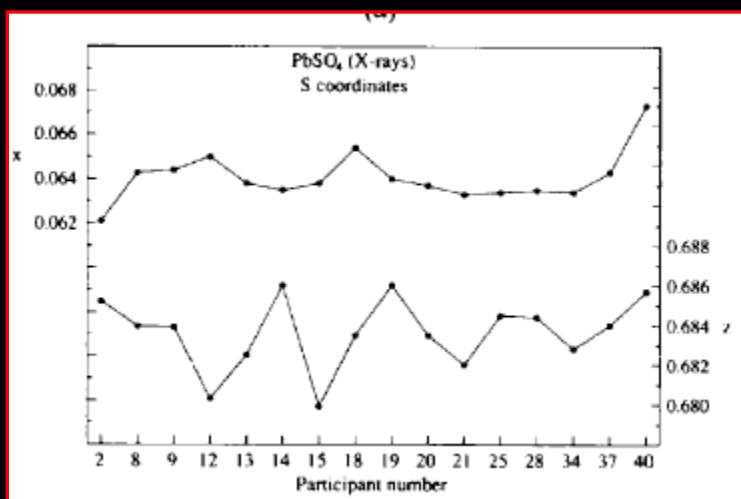
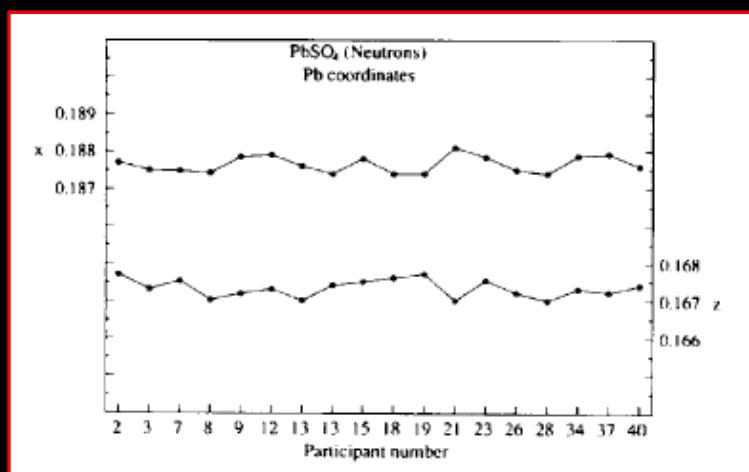
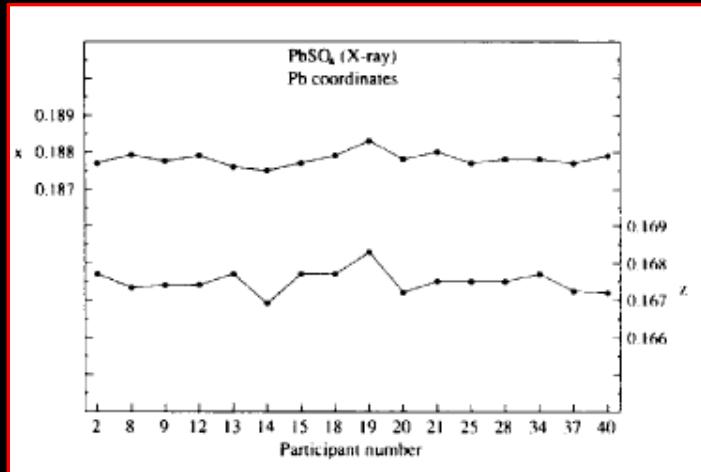
O3: 1.908(21)

(S )-(O1 ): 1.4721( 84)

(S )-(O2 ): 1.4486(102)

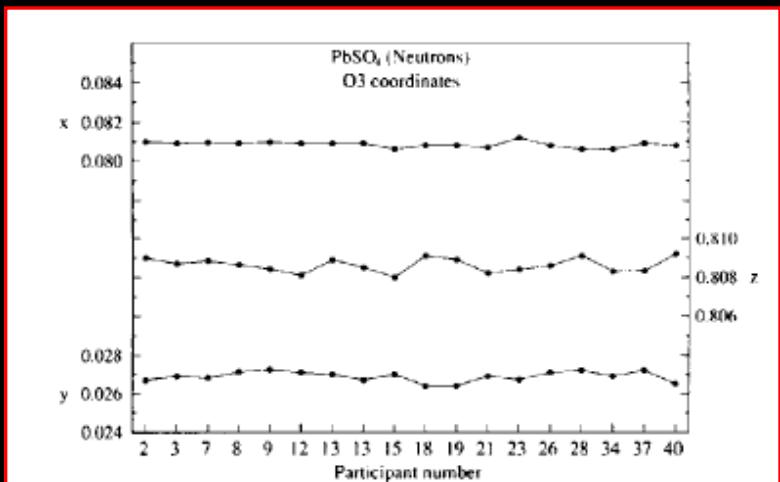
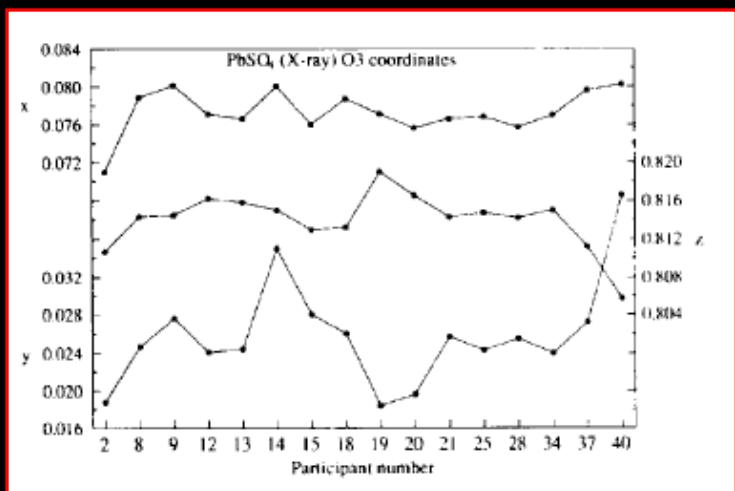
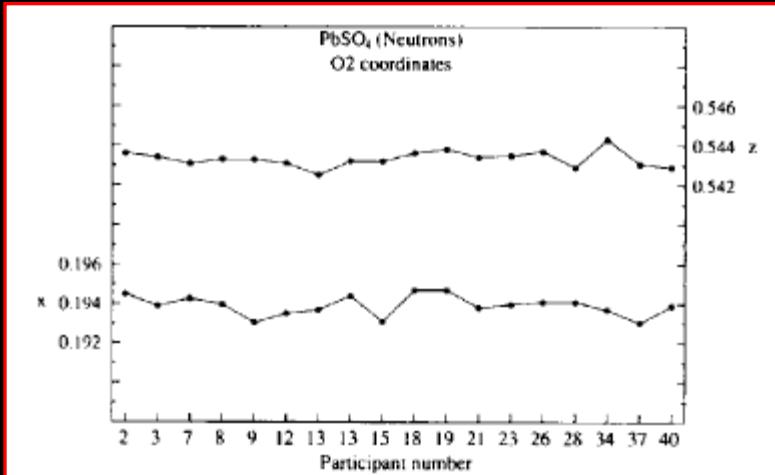
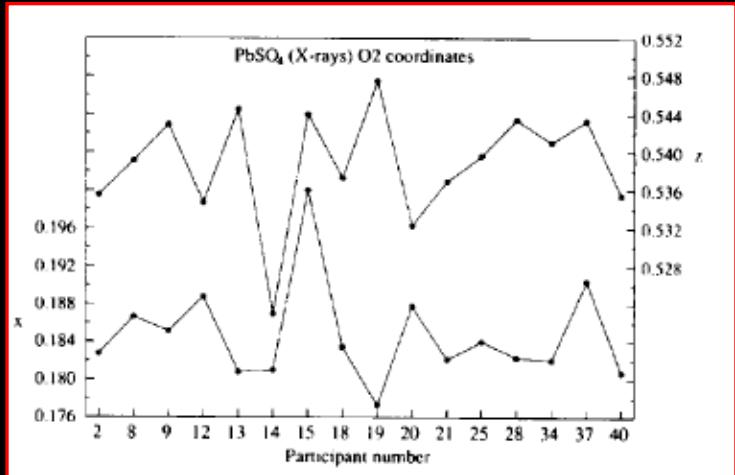
(S )-(O3 ): 1.5347( 59)

( S )-( O3 )-( S ): 56.10(13)



X-ray

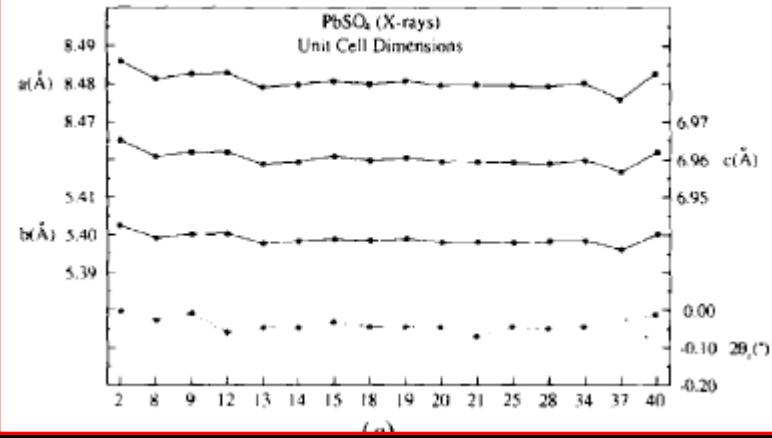
neutron



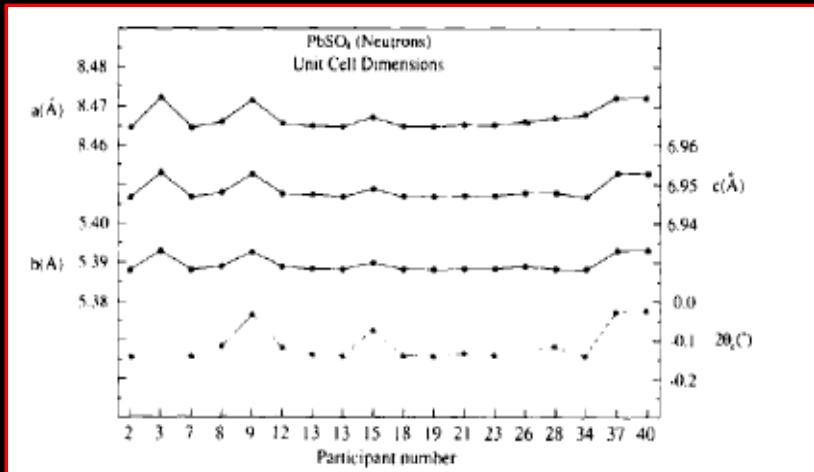
X-ray

neutrons

# Lattice parameters

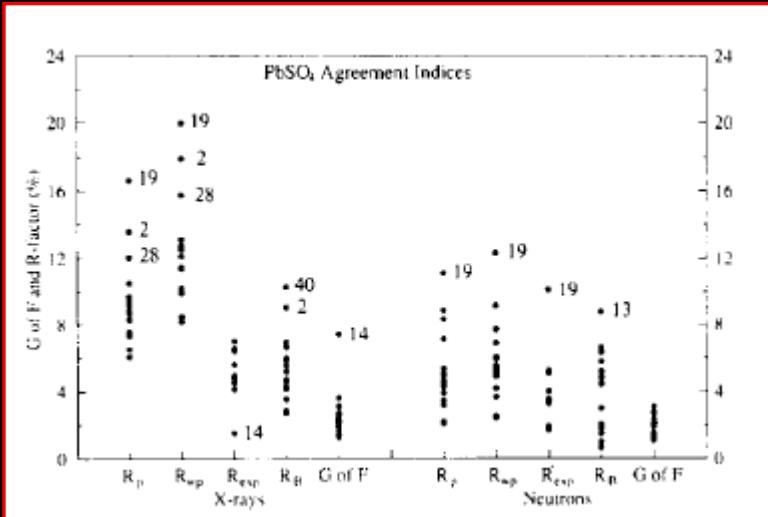


X-ray

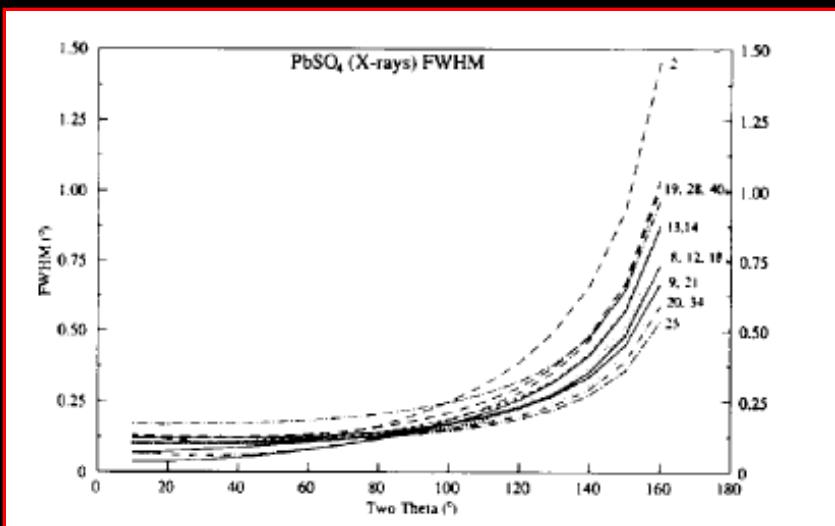
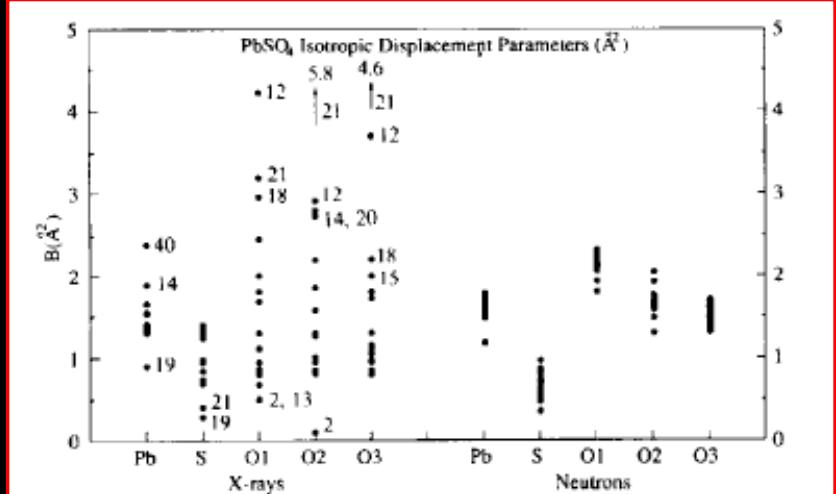


neutron

# Agreement indices



# Temperature factors



FWHM

Please cite:

Dicvol04

A. Boultif, and D. Loüer

“powder pattern indexing with the successive dichotomy method”

J. Appl. Cryst. 37, 724-731 (2004)

Fullprof

J.Rodriguez-Carvajal

Program Fullprof.2k, version 3.30, Laboratoire  
Leon Brillouin, France, June 2005.

謝謝！